# **CITY OF LIVE OAK**

101 White Avenue S.E., Live Oak, Florida 32064

## Audited Financial Statements and Independent Auditors Report Year ended 9/30/2022



### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

## CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA

## **SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

## CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA

#### **CITY OFFICIALS**

September 30, 2022

Officials	Elected Term Expiration
<u>Mayor</u>	
Frank C. Davis	June 2026
<u>City Council</u>	
Tesie Allen	June 2024
David Burch	June 2024
Tommie Jefferson	June 2026
Matt Campbell	June 2026
Lynda Brown Owens	June 2024
<u>City Clerk</u>	

John Gill

City Attorney Thomas J. Kennon

#### **City Administration**

George D. Curtis Larry C. Sessions Joanne M. Luther

City Manager – prior to 5-1-2023 Larry C. Sessions - 4-21-2023 Director of Finance

June 2026

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#### September 30, 2022

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## **PURVIS GRAY**

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Live Oak Live Oak, Florida

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Live Oak, Florida, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Gainesville | Ocala | Tallahassee | Sarasota | Orlando | Lakeland | Tampa

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Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Live Oak Live Oak, Florida

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
  of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Live Oak Live Oak, Florida

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, the capital asset schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 16, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

urvis Gray

May 16, 2023 Tallahassee, Florida

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

The City of Live Oak's (the "City") discussion and analysis is to provide an introduction to the basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, with selected comparative information for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, footnotes, and supplementary information found in this report. This information taken collectively is designed to provide readers with an understanding of the City's finances.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Live Oak exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows resources at the close of fiscal year 2022 by \$66,469,965(net position). Requirements of GASB 68 ensure that all long-term debt is reflected in Net Position, therefore with the GASB 68 reporting the 2022 Governmental Activities Unrestricted Net Position is (\$135,631).
- The City's total net position increased by \$3,171,452 or 5.01%. The governmental activities net position increased by \$2,285,059 including the current adjustment for GASB 68 long-term pension debt and the business-type net position increased by \$886,393 or 12.06% and 2% respectively.
- At the closing of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$12,484,538 an increase of \$1,953,760 in comparison with the prior year. At that time, \$4,608,661 is at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements of the City provide a broad overview of the City's finances and report information about the City using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies.

The statement of Net Position includes all of the City's (1) assets and deferred outflows of resources, (2) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the residual measure reported as *net position*. It also provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to City creditors (liabilities). The assets and liabilities are presented in a classified format, which distinguishes between current and long-term assets and liabilities. Net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, provide the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the City, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the City. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities measures the success of the City's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the City has successfully recovered all its costs through its services provided, as well as its profitability, and credit worthiness. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

The government-wide statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities include general government, public safety, economic environment, physical environment, transportation, culture and recreation. Business-type activities include water and gas utilities, sewer, stormwater, and the refuse collection and disposal system. The government-wide financial statements can be found on page 16-17 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, these funds focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. As a result of this difference in focus, reconciliation is provided between the fund and government-wide statements in order to better understand the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions.

The City maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately for the general fund and community redevelopment, ARPA, and capital projects fund and all are considered major funds. Data for the other governmental funds are aggregated into a single presentation. Individual fund data for these other non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 to 20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds - The City maintains four types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. These funds account for the operations of providing water and sewer, gas, stormwater, and refuse collection and disposal. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 to 25 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government and, consequently, are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting for fiduciary funds is much like that of proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund statements can be found on pages 26 to 27 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 29 of this report.

Other information - The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and community redevelopment tax funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided as required supplementary information for the general and community redevelopment tax funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The American Rescue Plan Act Fund (ARPA) is a new fund for the year under audit. As funding received was not planned funding, and no expenditures were expected to occur or did occur in this fund during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, no budget was legally required to be prepared or adopted for this fund. This information can be found beginning on page 69.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds can be found beginning on page 79 of this report.

#### Infrastructure Assets

Historically, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure – roads, traffic signals, underground pipes, etc.) have not been reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #34 requires that these assets be valued and reported within the Governmental columns of the Government-wide Statements. Additionally, the government must elect to either (a) depreciate these assets over their estimated useful life or (b) develop a system of assets management designed to maintain the service delivery potential to near perpetuity. If the government develops the asset management system (the alternative method), which periodically (at least every third year), by category, measures and demonstrates its maintenance of locally established condition levels, the government may record all expenditures incurred (except for additions and improvements which extend the asset life) in lieu of depreciation. The City has elected to implement the depreciation method.

#### Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis of the government-wide financial statements of the City begins below. One of the most important questions asked about the city's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Summary of Net Position and the Summary of Activities report information about the City's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These two summaries report the net position of the City and changes in them. You can think of the City's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the financial health of financial position. Over time, increase or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, regulations and new or changed governmental legislation.

#### Summary of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the City at the end of the fiscal year. The statement includes all assets and liabilities of the City. Net position is the difference between total assets and total liabilities and is an indicator of the current fiscal health of the City. The following is a summarized comparison of the City's assets, liabilities, and net position at September 30, 2022:

	Business-Type						
	Governmenta	al Activities	Activ	vities	Totals		Change
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2021-2022
Current and other assets	16,424,119	11,022,586	5,809,327	4,249,605	22,233,446	15,272,191	45.6%
Capital assets	13,631,807	13,411,180	51,399,953	52,504,768	65,031,760	65,915,948	-1.3%
Total assets	30,055,926	24,433,766	57,209,280	57,726,960	87,265,206	81,188,139	7.5%
Total Deferred Outflows	1,622,102	1,271,993	36,147	34,823	1,658,249	1,306,816	26.9%
Current liabilities	3,950,005	491,808	2,133,604	1,718,965	6,083,609	2,210,773	175.2%
Noncurrent liabilities	5,595,017	2,549,068	9,853,813	10,618,083	15,448,830	13,167,151	17.3%
Total liabilities	9,545,022	3,040,876	11,987,417	12,337,048	21,532,439	15,377,924	40.0%
Total Deferred Inflows	900,836	3,717,772	20,215	100,746	921,051	3,818,518	-75.9%
Net Position Net Investment in capital							
assets	13,631,807	13,411,180	41,155,770	41,164,449	54,787,577	54,575,629	0.4%
Restricted for debt service	-	-	207,410	207,410	207,410	207,410	0.0%
Restricted for other purposes	7,735,994	7,106,772	673,673	641,878	8,409,667	7,748,650	8.5%
Unrestricted	(135,631)	(1,570,841)	3,200,942	2,337,665	3,065,311	766,824	-299.7%
Total Net Position	21,232,170	18,947,111	45,237,795	44,351,402	66,469,965	63,298,513	5.0%

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

The majority of the City's net position, 82.4% and 86.2% at September 30, 2022 and 2021 respectively, represent its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, wastewater treatment plant, machinery and equipment), less the related indebtedness outstanding used to acquire those capital assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Since the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources required to repay this debt must be provided annually from operations, since it is unlikely that the capital assets themselves will be liquidated to pay the liabilities.

#### Summary of Net Position (continued)

Restricted net position are proceeds of certain revenue note obligations, as well as certain resources restricted for their repayment, which are set aside in the government-wide financial statements. Their use is limited by applicable legal indentures imposed by applicable bond covenants and other legal indentures. Net position restricted for debt service and capital acquisitions represent 13% and 12.6% of net position at September 30, 2022 and 2021 respectively.

The changes in net position displayed below shows the governmental and business-type activities during the fiscal year.

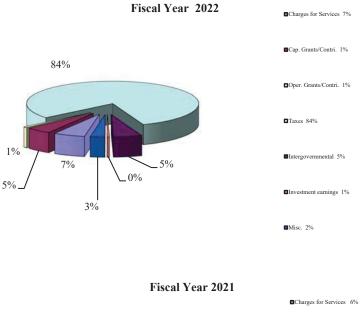
	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ		То	Total %	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	Change 2022-2021
Revenues	2022	2021		2021	2022	2021	2022 2021
Program revenue							
Charges for services	473,266	486,619	8,362,333	7,494,210	8,835,599	7,980,829	10.71%
Capital Grants/Contributions		876,667	292,583	43,696	636,370	920,363	-30.86%
Operating contributions	62,864	291,099	-	-	62,864	291,099	-78.40%
General revenue							
Taxes	6,435,354	5,886,274	255,508	226,393	6,690,862	6,112,667	9.46%
Intergovernmental	431,774	347,518	-	-	431,774	347,518	24.25%
Investment earnings	35,409	16,540	7,601	3,531	43,010	20,071	114.29%
Miscellaneous	219,911	113,875	5,790	16,318	225,701	130,193	73.36%
	8,002,365	8,018,592	8,923,815	7,784,148	16,926,180	15,802,740	7.11%
Expenses							
General government	1,787,899	1,822,964	-	-	1,787,899	1,822,964	-1.92%
Public safety	3,023,874	2,493,116	-	-	3,023,874	2,493,116	21.29%
Transportation	1,122,100	1,221,999	-	-	1,122,100	1,221,999	-8.18%
Physical environment	454,695	296,347	-	-	454,695	296,347	53.43%
Human services	120,455	29,750	-	-	120,455	29,750	304.89%
Economic Environment	98,550	103,101	-	-	98,550	103,101	-4.41%
Culture/recreation	387,629	289,223	-	-	387,629	289,223	34.02%
Water, sewer, stormwater,							
gas, and sanitation	-	-	6,759,526	6,505,018	6,759,526	6,505,018	3.91%
	6,995,202	6,256,500	6,759,526	6,505,018	13,754,728	12,761,518	7.8%
Changes in net position							
before transfers	1,007,163	1,762,092	2,164,289	1,279,130	3,171,452	3,041,222	4.28%
Interfund Services							
Provided (Used)	1,277,896	1,517,178	(1,277,896)	(1,517,178)	-	-	-
Change in net position	2,285,059	3,279,270	886,393	(238,048)	3,171,452	3,041,222	4.28%
Net position - beginning	18,947,111	15,667,841	44,351,402	44,589,450	63,298,513	60,257,291	5.05%
Net position - ending	21,232,170	18,947,111	45,237,795	44,351,402	66,469,965	63,298,513	5.01%

The City's total revenue increased by 7.11% or 1,123,440. This was due to increase in Business Type Service Charges and General Funds Taxes. The Taxes increased 9.46% or 867,370 due increased tax values and mild growth.

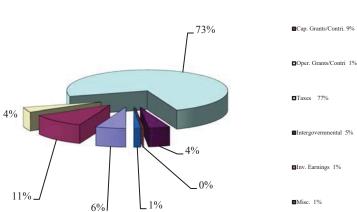
#### **Governmental** Activities

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$6.2 million compared to \$8.1 million last year. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 17, the amount the City's taxpayers ultimately paid for these activities through City and State taxes was \$6.4 million with the remaining amount being paid by Capital Grants, and Charges for Services and other sources. Overall, the City's governmental program revenues decreased in fiscal year 2022 from \$1,654,385 to \$808,820 due less funding from Operating and Capital Grants.

Below is a comparison of the composition of fiscal year 2021 and 2022 governmental funds revenues and expenses:



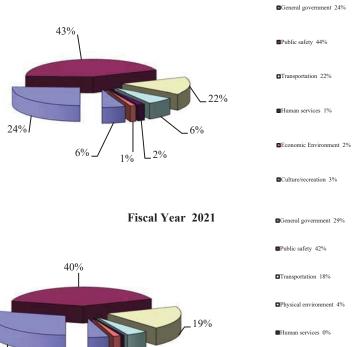
#### **Revenue Comparison by Source**



Governmental Activities (continued)

#### **Expenditure Comparison by Source**

#### Fiscal Year 2022

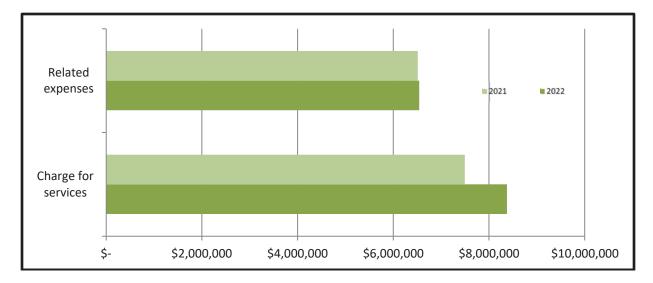


5% 29% 5% 0%

Economic Environment 1% Culture/recreation 4%

#### **Business-type Activities**

Charges for services of 2022 of the City's business-type activities increased 11.7% or \$880,723 over fiscal year 2022 and operating expenses increased by 0.4% or \$30,461 from the prior year. The increase in revenue is due to a rate increase of Garage fees due to an increase in landfill disposal costs. Gas revenue and expenses all increased this past fiscal year, offsetting each other. The following is a graphic comparison of revenue and expenses of the City's business type activities.



## Revenue and Expense Comparison Fiscal Years 2022 and 2021

#### Capital Assets

At the end of 2022 the City had \$65,031,760 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, police and public works equipment, buildings, park facilities, water and sewer facilities, sanitation equipment, gas improvements and equipment, and stormwater drainage structures. This is an overall net decrease of \$884,188 in capital assets which is reflected in a governmental activities increase of 222,627 or .1.6% and a decrease of (\$1,104,815) or (2.1)% for business-type activities. Although there were some Capital equipment purchases and street paving improvements, those additions were offset by depreciation reductions. The following table illustrates the changes in capital assets (see pages 44 and 45 in the notes to the financial statements for detailed changes in capital assets).

#### Capital Assets (continued)

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Totals		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Capital Assets:							
Land	\$ 1,853,263	\$ 1,823,159	\$ 1,602,184	\$ 1,602,184	\$ 3,455,447	\$ 3,425,343	
Buildings and improvements	6,567,103	6,549,838	71,493,944	71,442,425	78,061,047	77,992,263	
Machinery and equipment	4,481,366	4,547,945	2,009,104	2,161,673	6,490,470	6,709,618	
Right-to-Use Assets Under Leases	33,334	-	2,008	-	35,342	-	
Infrastructure	9,618,254	8,544,688	-	-	9,618,254	8,544,688	
Construction work in progress	45,186	789,255	343,127		388,313	789,255	
Subtotal	\$22,598,506	\$ 22,254,885	\$ 75,450,367	\$ 75,206,282	\$ 98,048,873	\$ 97,461,167	
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
and Amortizations	(8,966,699)	(8,843,705)	(24,050,414)	(22,701,514)	(33,017,113)	(31,545,219)	
Capital Assets, Net	\$13,631,807	\$ 13,411,180	\$ 51,399,953	\$ 52,504,768	\$ 65,031,760	\$ 65,915,948	

The City's capital budget for fiscal year 2022 calls for approximately \$15,000,000 in capital projects. This is partially comprised of \$2,500,000 for Street improvements, \$3,770,000 for Water line improvements, \$5,900,000 Sewer projects, \$2,660,000 for Stormwater improvements. Funding for these projects include \$3,400,000 Federal ARPA funds as well as 3,200,000 Federal FDEP funding and 2,200,000 FDOT Transportation alternative funding and SRWMD stormwater project funding.

#### Debt

At September 30, 2022 the City had \$10,514,182 in notes payable. This is a decrease over fiscal year 2021 of (\$826,137). This balance represents the City's participation in the State Revolving Loan Fund (SRLF) program, for required improvements at the Sewage Treatment Plant, Sanitary Sewer Rehab and Drinking Water Well field's upgrade and Stormwater projects. This balance is detailed in Note 11 Long-term Debt on page 48.

	Business-type Activities				
		2022		2021	
*Note Payable-DEP	\$	10,514,182	\$	11,340,319	

\* These obligations are considered to be Direct Borrowings under GASB 88

The State of Florida, by constitution, does not have a state personal income tax and therefore the State operates primarily using sales, gasoline and corporate income taxes. Local governments (cities, counties, and school boards) primarily rely on property taxes and a limited array of permitted other taxes (sales, gasoline, and utilities) and fees (franchise, occupational license) for their governmental activities. For the business-type and certain governmental activities (utility services, construction services and recreational programs) the user pays a related fee or charge associated with the service.

While the City of Live Oak continues to be challenged by ageing infrastructure, we strive to continue to make improvements as we are able. Housing and job creation remain a goal of the City. City and CRA efforts continue to make contributions to encourage growth. The City continues to explore the most viable alternatives for both grant

opportunities and municipal debt to address slow growth and development, as well as how to capture any associated revenue opportunities. The City is continuing to work with the Federal Government, State of Florida, North Central Florida Planning Council, Florida Department of Transportation, Suwannee County, Suwannee River Water Management District, City's consulting engineers, and private developers to address grant opportunities.

#### Public Works Department / Streets

The Florida Department of Transportation SCOP grant funded paving project of Winderweedle Street was completed Spring of 2022. The project included repaving, drainage improvement, and addressed utilities modifications.

Engineering design for the repaving of Palm Street began near the end of the fiscal year and the contract for paving was awarded early in fiscal year 2023.

#### Live Oak Fire Department

The Fire Department continues to provide outstanding services and dedication to the citizens of Live Oak Fire Department. For the first time in LOFD's 120 years of service to the community, an official working relationship has been formed with Suwannee County Fire Rescue. As of March 2022, LOFD automatically responds to structure fires within a 5-mile radius of the fire station, which expands into county areas due to an Automatic Aid Agreement which was drafted by both Chief Croft of LOFD and Chief Hand of SCFR. The agreement helps boost manpower and equipment that would respond to structure fires within the area of service agreed upon. The automatic aid agreement has already proven to strengthen safety and working relations between the two departments as there have been many incidents where personnel and equipment have been bolstered on structure fires in the city, which have, undoubtedly, helped preserve life and property for many Live Oak residents.

The LOFD continues its tradition of excellence and service to the community while being recognized as an ISO Class III Fire Service, thus the only Class III fire department in Florida based upon population served. The LOFD continues to maintain Emergency Medical Technician certification by 100% of the Firefighters employed. Each firefighter is required to take 40-hour courses to receive Continuing Education Units that allow for the renewal of their EMT licenses every two years. LOFD currently employs two Firefighter Paramedics, which will further assist in any growth toward expansion in the medical field, should the city decide to begin EMS services to the citizens in the near future. LOFD continues to maintain the current ISO (International Organization for Standardization) rating of III through additional training curriculum, public education, outreach, equipment maintenance and inventory advancements. LOFD adheres to ISO recommended minimum staffing of 4 personnel on shift at all times thus continuing our mission to better our service to the citizens of Live Oak. The Insurance Service Office is an independent company that serves insurance companies, communities, fire departments, insurance regulators and others by providing information about risk. As the ISO rating for the City of Live Oak is Protection Class III, it places our fire department in the top 2 percent of the 49,010 fire services nationally. The City of Live Oak began with an ISO Protection Class of VIII in 1958, followed by a Protection Class VII in 1967, Protection Class VI in 1992, Protection Class V in 2004, Protection Class IV in 2007 and the current Protection Class of III in 2015. The ISO's 26 pages analysis of the LOFD covers our emergency reporting, telecommunications, dispatch protocols, engine companies, reserve pumpers, pumping capacities, ladder /service companies, deployment protocols, company personnel, training, operational considerations, community risk reductions, water supply, hydrant size, type and installation, inspections of hydrant, pump testing, fit testing, aerial apparatus, ground ladder, and SCBA testing, pre-fire planning of commercial structures, fire prevention programs organized with the local schools and daycares and Life Safety inspections on licensed business operating inside the City of Live Oak. All testing/inspection requirements stated herein are conducted annually by the LOFD and verified by ISO every 5 years to maintain current and satisfactory reporting.

Throughout 2022, LOFD has been involved in various community programs that allow children in the area to get an up-close look at the apparatus and equipment we use to serve the community by going out to various schools and daycares and teaching fire safety, as well as, providing "water days" during the summer. LOFD continues to provide suppression and manpower to all the events put on by the city where fireworks were involved, like the bulldog bash and 4<sup>th</sup> of July celebrations. LOFD assisted with the Christmas on the Square 3-day event where Santa was escorted into the city and various events took place.

Also, LOFD (Sparky's Kids) continued its tradition of more than 40 years, helping to provide toys to PAL (Police Athletic League), during the Christmas season and also provided gift cards/vouchers for food or basic necessities to those in need.

**Police Department** The Live Oak Police Department continues to be one of the top-quality law enforcement agencies in the 3<sup>rd</sup> Circuit. Community Oriented Policing is still the main component of our agency to continue to try to build positive community relationships and be active in the community. The Live Oak Police Department takes a proactive approach in solving crimes and is involved in local organizations to network to ensure that the latest technology and other crime-solving tactics are at our disposal. The Live Oak Police Department continues to train using PoliceOne.com, to make sure that each officer is properly trained and the FDLE requirements are met for each individual officer. The L.O.P.D, continues to hold the teen academy, and other community events to give back and show support for our community.

Since 2018 the L.O.P.D has received 2 grants per year to enable traffic enforcement details without interrupting calls for service. The one objective is for occupant protection and the other grant is for aggressive driving and speed. The Live Oak Police Department has also implemented Project Lifesaver and was essential in passing of Leo's Law which was just recently enacted. This program allows for GPS tracking abilities to those with Autism and other developmental delays in the event of wandering. The L.O.P.D. has 15 GPS units assigned currently. To add to our Project Lifesaver program, the Live Oak Police Department was awarded a federal JAG grant to purchase supplies that will allow us to operate PLS for years to come. Additionally, we were able to purchase gear such as a Polaris Ranger, thermal imaging as well as other equipment to aid us in searching for any potentially lost PLS participants. This grant has allowed us to be more prepared to handle any future tragedies such as Leo Walker.

In the fiscal year 2020-21 the department received Federal COVID emergency supplemental funding, traffic control systems were purchased to help assist in traffic coordination of food programs, covid testing and virus inoculations.

Since 2021 The Live Oak Police Department has made great efforts to be active in Job fairs and career days in the local area, as well as surrounding Counties to try and increase the number and quality of applications. We are more proactive in community events to try and gain community trust and increase positive citizen interactions.

In 2022 The City of Live Oak along with the Suwannee County Sheriff's office upgraded radio communication devices for Law Enforcement. This was done to enhance safety of the Officers and community.

In 2022 we applied for and received a grant to purchase medical kits for each patrol car to be better able to render first aid, while an ambulance is enroute.

Our Agency is continuing to seek grants to provide more and better equipment, so our Officers can better serve our community.

#### **Community Projects**

Live Oak Cemetery roads were also resurfaced. The City also finalized accepting ownership of an additional section of the Eastside Cemetery. The Community Redevelopment funds completed improvements to downtown lighting along festival park.

#### Stormwater improvements

The replacement of two Stormwater drainage wells in the area of US129 and Hillman Avenue was substantially completed at the close of fiscal year 2022. This was a FDOT Transportation Alternative Project federally funded grant.

#### **Future Projects**

- Repaying of Palm Street was completed early in 2023 the project was be funded by Infrastructure and Community Redevelopment funds.
- Economic growth is expected to continue at the 129N/I10 interchange, to accommodate this growth plans are . being considered to rehabilitate and expand lift station and sewer flow in that area.
- State of Florida Department of Transportation has awarded the 3rd and 4th funding of TAP funds for additional . stormwater drainage wells to help control storm water run off along US129 or US90. The RFP for design build firms has been issued and we anticipate the ability to get the project under contract in the next several months.
- Efforts continue to be planned for a new restroom and kitchen facility at John Hale Park which will be funded . by a donation from Pilgrims Pride.
- Local grant funds have been awarded by SRWMD for the rehabilitation for Irvin, Houston, and Haines stormwater drainage wells.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 101 SE White Ave., Live Oak, Florida 32064.

C. Sessions, Interim City Manager

Joanne M. Luther, Finance Director



#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Governmental Assets         Business-Type Activities         Total           Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 15,803,623         \$ 2,802,583         \$ 18,606,206           Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts         225,156         941,248         1,166,404           Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474           Due from Other Governments         304,227         270,004         574,231           Prepaid Items         91,113         116,460         207,573           Noncurrent Restricted Cash         -         1,598,558         1,598,558           Land, Improvements, and Construction in Progress         1,898,449         1,945,311         3,843,760           Other Capital Assets         -         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         -         3,0055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Assets         -         3,0055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Liabilities         -         -         3,0474         80,474           Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         717,475         717,475           Accrued Inter		Primary Government				
Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 15,803,623         \$ 2,802,583         \$ 18,606,206           Receivables, Net of Allowance for         225,156         941,248         1,166,404           Internal Balances         225,156         941,248         1,166,404           Internal Balances         304,227         270,004         574,231           Prepaid Items         91,113         116,460         207,573           Noncurrent Restricted Cash         -         1,598,558         1,598,558           Capital Assets:         -         1,598,558         1,598,558           Capital Assets:         -         1,703,239         49,452,828         61,156,067           Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases, Net of Amortization         11,703,239         49,452,828         61,156,067           Total Assets         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206         11,628,249           Liabilities         -         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         -         80,474         80,474           Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         717,475         717,475           Accrued Interest Payable         <			• 1	Total		
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts         225,156         941,248         1,166,404           Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474           Due from Other Governments         304,227         270,004         574,231           Prepaid Items         91,113         116,640         207,573           Noncurrent Restricted Cash         -         1,598,558         1,598,558           Capital Assets.         -         1,703,239         49,452,828         61,156,067           Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases, Net of Amortization         30,119         1,814         31,933           Total Assets         30,055,026         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Assets         3,605,526         57,209,280         87,265,206           Liabilities         -         8,0474         80,474           Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Unearmed Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         717,475         717,475           Customer Deposits         -         712,110         821						
Uncollectible Accounts         225,156         941,248         1,166,404           Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474           Due from Other Governments         304,227         270,004         574,231           Prepaid Items         91,113         116,460         207,573           Noncurrent Restricted Cash         -         1,598,558         1,598,558           Capital Assets:         -         1,398,558         61,156,067           Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases, Net of Amortization         11,703,239         49,452,828         61,156,067           Total Assets         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         -         80,474         80,474           Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Uncarned Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         717,475         717,475           Customer Deposits         -         717,410         827,740 <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$ 15,803,623</td><td>\$ 2,802,583</td><td>\$ 18,606,206</td></td<>		\$ 15,803,623	\$ 2,802,583	\$ 18,606,206		
Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474           Due from Other Governments         304,227         270,004         574,231           Prepaid Items         91,113         116,460         207,573           Noncurrent Restricted Cash         -         1,598,558         1,598,558           Land, Improvements, and Construction in Progress         1,898,449         1,945,311         3,843,760           Other Capital Assets         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Assets         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Assets         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Unearned Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,555           Internal Balances         -         10,474         80,474           Restricted Pund Liabilities:         -         80,474         80,474           Uue or payable within One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or payable within One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740		225.156	0.41.0.40	1 1 6 6 40 4		
Due from Other Governments         304,227         270,004         574,231           Prepaid Items         91,113         116,460         207,573           Noncurrent Restricted Cash         -         1,598,558         1,598,558           Capital Assets:         -         1,945,311         3,843,760           Itend, Improvements, and Construction in Progress         1,898,449         1,945,311         3,843,760           Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation         11,703,239         49,452,828         61,156,067           Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases, Net of Amortization         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Assets         -         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         -         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         -         80,474         80,474           Restricted Fund Liabilities:         -         80,474         80,474           Restricted Fund Liabilities:         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         717,475         717,475           Accrued Interest Payable         -         14,003         9,698,817         9,712,820           Compensated Absences		225,156				
Prepaid Items         91,113         116,460         207,573           Noncurrent Restricted Cash         -         1,598,558         1,598,558           Land, Improvements, and Construction in Progress         1,898,449         1,945,311         3,843,760           Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation         11,703,239         49,452,828         61,156,067           Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases, Net of Amortization         30,015,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Assets         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Uncarned Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         717,475         717,475           Customer Deposits         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         14,003         9,698,817         9,712,820           Compensated Absences         172,110         282         172,322           Net Investiment in Capital Assets         13,631,807		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Noncurrent Restricted Cash Capital Assets:         1,598,558         1,598,558           Land, Improvements, and Construction in Progress Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases, Net of Amortization <b>30,019</b> 1,814         31,933           Total Assets         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Unearned Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         717,475         717,475           Restricted Fund Liabilities:         -         717,475         717,475           Customer Deposits         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         41,977         41,977           Accrued Interest Payable         -         41,977         41,977           Due or Payable Within One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         14,003         9,698,817         9,712,820           Compensated Absences         172,110         282         172,392           Net Iposition         13,631,807			,			
Capital Assets:         Improvements, and Construction in Progress         1,898,449         1,945,311         3,843,760           Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation         11,703,239         49,452,828         61,156,067           Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases, Net of Amortization         30,019         1,814         31,933           Total Assets         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Unearned Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         -         717,475           Customer Deposits         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         41,977         41,977           Due or payable in More Than One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         14,003         9,698,817         9,712,820           Compensated Absences         172,110         282         121,532,439           OPEB Liability	1	91,113				
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation         11,703,239         49,452,828         61,156,067           Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases, Net of Amortization         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Assets         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,622,102         36,147         1.658,249           Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Mean end Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474           Restricted Fund Liabilities:         -         717,475         717,475           Outes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         -         41,977         41,977           Due or payable within One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or payable in More Than One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Oute or Payable in More Than One Year         10,424         813,4629         5,228,867           OPEB Liability         5,094,238         134,629         5,228,867           OPEB Liability         9,545,022         11,987,417         21,532,439           Ottal Deferred Inflows of Resources <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>1,598,558</td> <td>1,598,558</td>		-	1,598,558	1,598,558		
Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases, Net of Amortization         30,119         1,814         31,933           Total Assets         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Unearned Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474           Restricted Fund Liabilities:         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         710,424         817,316         827,740           Due or payable Within One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         14,003         9,698,817         9,712,820           Compensated Absences         172,110         282         172,392           Net Pension Liability         314,629         5,228,867           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         900,836         20,215         921,051           Net Investment in Capital Assets         13,631,807         <	Land, Improvements, and Construction in Progress	1,898,449	1,945,311	3,843,760		
Total Assets         30,055,926         57,209,280         87,265,206           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Unearned Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474           Restricted Fund Liabilities:         -         80,474         80,474           Customer Deposits         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         41,977         41,977           Due or payable Within One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         14,003         9,698,817         9,712,820           Compensated Absences         172,110         282         172,320           Compensated Absences         132,248         134,626         5,228,867           OPEB Liability         314,666         20,085         334,751           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         900,836         20,215         921,051           Net Investment in Capital Assets         13,584         -         13,584           Recircted for:<	Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	11,703,239	49,452,828	61,156,067		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         1,622,102         36,147         1,658,249           Liabilities         Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Unearned Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474         80,474           Restricted Fund Liabilities:         -         717,475         717,475         717,475           Customer Deposits         -         717,475         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         41,977         41,977         41,977           Due or payable in More Than One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         14,003         9,698,817         9,712,820           Compensated Absences         172,110         282         172,392           Net Pension Liability         5,094,238         134,629         5,228,867           OPEB Liability         314,666         20,085         334,751           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         900,836         20,215         921,051           Net Investment in Capital Assets         13,631,807	Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases, Net of Amortization	30,119	1,814	31,933		
Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Uncarned Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474           Restricted Fund Liabilities:         -         717,475         717,475           Customer Deposits         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         41,977         41,977           Due or payable Within One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         14,003         9,698,817         9,712,820           Compensated Absences         172,110         282         172,322           Net Pension Liability         5,094,238         134,629         5,228,867           OPEB Liability         314,666         20,085         334,751           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         900,836         20,215         921,051           Net Investment in Capital Assets         13,631,807         41,155,770         54,787,577           Restricted for:         -         4,350         -         4,350	-	30,055,926	57,209,280	87,265,206		
Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities         344,046         476,362         820,408           Unearned Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474           Restricted Fund Liabilities:         -         80,474         80,474           Customer Deposits         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         41,977         41,977           Due or payable Within One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         14,003         9,698,817         9,712,820           Compensated Absences         172,110         282         172,392           Net Pension Liability         5,094,238         134,629         5,228,867           OPEB Liability         5,094,238         134,666         20,0185         334,751           Total Liabilities         9,545,022         11,987,417         21,532,439           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         900,836         20,215         921,051           Net Investment in Capital Assets         13,631,807         41,155,770         54,787,577           Restricted for:         -         13,584         - </td <td><b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b></td> <td>1,622,102</td> <td>36,147</td> <td>1,658,249</td>	<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	1,622,102	36,147	1,658,249		
Unearned Revenue         3,595,535         -         3,595,535           Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474           Restricted Fund Liabilities:         -         80,474         80,474           Customer Deposits         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         41,977         41,977           Accrued Interest Payable         -         41,977         41,977           Due or payable Within One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         14,003         9,698,817         9,712,820           Compensated Absences         172,110         282         172,392           Net Pension Liability         5,094,238         134,629         5,228,867           OPEB Liability         314,666         20,085         334,751           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         900,836         20,215         921,051           Net Investment in Capital Assets         13,631,807         41,155,770         54,787,577           Restricted for:         -         13,584         -         13,584           Recreation         100,000         -         100,000         -         100,000 <td>Liabilities</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Liabilities					
Internal Balances         -         80,474         80,474           Restricted Fund Liabilities:         -         717,475         717,475           Customer Deposits         -         717,475         717,475           Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:         -         41,977         41,977           Accrued Interest Payable         -         41,977         41,977           Due or payable Within One Year         10,424         817,316         827,740           Due or Payable in More Than One Year         14,003         9,698,817         9,712,820           Compensated Absences         172,110         282         172,392           Net Pension Liability         5,094,238         134,629         5,228,867           OPEB Liability         314,666         20,085         334,751           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         900,836         20,215         921,051           Net Investment in Capital Assets         13,631,807         41,155,770         54,787,577           Restricted for:         -         4,350         -         4,350           Prepaid Items         4,350         -         4,350           Law Enforcement         13,584         -         13,584           Recreation	Accounts Payable and Other Accrued Liabilities	344,046	476,362	820,408		
Restricted Fund Liabilities:       -       717,475         Customer Deposits       -       717,475         Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:       -       41,977         Accrued Interest Payable       -       41,977         Due or payable Within One Year       10,424       817,316       827,740         Due or Payable in More Than One Year       14,003       9,698,817       9,712,820         Compensated Absences       172,110       282       172,392         Net Pension Liability       5,094,238       134,629       5,228,867         OPEB Liability       314,666       20,085       334,751         Total Liabilities       9,545,022       11,987,417       21,532,439         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       900,836       20,215       921,051         Net Investment in Capital Assets       13,631,807       41,155,770       54,787,577         Restricted for:       -       4,350       -       4,350         Prepaid Items       4,350       -       4,350       -         Law Enforcement       13,584       -       13,584       -       13,584         Recreation       100,000       -       100,000       -       100,000       -       1410,470	Unearned Revenue	3,595,535	-	3,595,535		
Customer Deposits       -       717,475       717,475         Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:       -       41,977       41,977         Accrued Interest Payable       -       41,977       41,977         Due or payable Within One Year       10,424       817,316       827,740         Due or Payable in More Than One Year       14,003       9,698,817       9,712,820         Compensated Absences       172,110       282       172,392         Net Pension Liability       5,094,238       134,629       5,228,867         OPEB Liabilities       9,545,022       11,987,417       21,532,439         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       900,836       20,215       921,051         Net Investment in Capital Assets       13,631,807       41,155,770       54,787,577         Restricted for:       -       4,350       -       4,350         Prepaid Items       4,350       -       4,350       -       4,350         Law Enforcement       13,584       -       13,584       -       13,584         Recreation       100,000       -       100,000       -       100,000         Community Redevelopment       1,410,470       -       1,410,470       -       1,410,470       <	Internal Balances	-	80,474	80,474		
Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:       -       41,977       41,977         Accrued Interest Payable       -       41,977       41,977         Due or payable Within One Year       10,424       817,316       827,740         Due or Payable in More Than One Year       14,003       9,698,817       9,712,820         Compensated Absences       172,110       282       172,392         Net Pension Liability       5,094,238       134,629       5,228,867         OPEB Liability       314,666       20,085       334,751         Total Liabilities       9,545,022       11,987,417       21,532,439         Total Deferred Inflows of Resources       900,836       20,215       921,051         Net Investment in Capital Assets       13,631,807       41,155,770       54,787,577         Restricted for:       -       4,350       -       4,350         Prepaid Items       4,350       -       4,350       -       4,350         Law Enforcement       13,584       -       13,584       -       13,584         Recreation       100,000       -       100,000       -       100,000         Community Redevelopment       1,410,470       -       1,410,470       -       669,896	Restricted Fund Liabilities:					
Accrued Interest Payable- $41,977$ $41,977$ Due or payable Within One Year $10,424$ $817,316$ $827,740$ Due or Payable in More Than One Year $14,003$ $9,698,817$ $9,712,820$ Compensated Absences $172,110$ $282$ $172,392$ Net Pension Liability $5,094,238$ $134,629$ $5,228,867$ OPEB Liability $314,666$ $20,085$ $334,751$ Total Liabilities $9,545,022$ $11,987,417$ $21,532,439$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $900,836$ $20,215$ $921,051$ Net Investment in Capital Assets $13,631,807$ $41,155,770$ $54,787,577$ Restricted for: $13,584$ $ 13,584$ $-$ Prepaid Items $4,350$ $ 4,350$ $-$ Law Enforcement $13,584$ $ 13,584$ $-$ Recreation $100,000$ $ 100,000$ $-$ Community Redevelopment $1,410,470$ $ 1,410,470$ Capital Improvements $5,542,044$ $673,673$ $6,215,717$ Road Improvements $669,896$ $ 669,896$ Debt Service $ 207,410$ $207,410$ Unrestricted $(139,981)$ $3,200,942$ $3,060,961$	Customer Deposits	-	717,475	717,475		
Due or payable Within One Year $10,424$ $817,316$ $827,740$ Due or Payable in More Than One Year $14,003$ $9,698,817$ $9,712,820$ Compensated Absences $172,110$ $282$ $172,392$ Net Pension Liability $5,094,238$ $134,629$ $5,228,867$ OPEB Liability $314,666$ $20,085$ $334,751$ Total Liabilities $9,545,022$ $11,987,417$ $21,532,439$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $900,836$ $20,215$ $921,051$ Net Position $84,350$ - $4,350$ -Net Investment in Capital Assets $13,631,807$ $41,155,770$ $54,787,577$ Restricted for: $13,584$ - $13,584$ -Prepaid Items $4,350$ - $4,350$ -Law Enforcement $13,584$ - $13,584$ -Recreation $100,000$ - $100,000$ -Community Redevelopment $1,410,470$ - $1,410,470$ Capital Improvements $5,542,044$ $673,673$ $6,215,717$ Road Improvements $669,896$ - $669,896$ Debt Service- $207,410$ $207,410$ Unrestricted $(139,981)$ $3,200,942$ $3,060,961$	Notes, Leases, and Other Payables:					
Due or payable Within One Year $10,424$ $817,316$ $827,740$ Due or Payable in More Than One Year $14,003$ $9,698,817$ $9,712,820$ Compensated Absences $172,110$ $282$ $172,392$ Net Pension Liability $5,094,238$ $134,629$ $5,228,867$ OPEB Liability $314,666$ $20,085$ $334,751$ Total Liabilities $9,545,022$ $11,987,417$ $21,532,439$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $900,836$ $20,215$ $921,051$ Net Position $84,350$ - $4,350$ -Net Investment in Capital Assets $13,631,807$ $41,155,770$ $54,787,577$ Restricted for: $13,584$ - $13,584$ -Prepaid Items $4,350$ - $4,350$ -Law Enforcement $13,584$ - $13,584$ -Recreation $100,000$ - $100,000$ -Community Redevelopment $1,410,470$ - $1,410,470$ Capital Improvements $5,542,044$ $673,673$ $6,215,717$ Road Improvements $669,896$ - $669,896$ Debt Service- $207,410$ $207,410$ Unrestricted $(139,981)$ $3,200,942$ $3,060,961$	Accrued Interest Payable	-	41,977	41,977		
Due or Payable in More Than One Year $14,003$ $9,698,817$ $9,712,820$ Compensated Absences $172,110$ $282$ $172,392$ Net Pension Liability $5,094,238$ $134,629$ $5,228,867$ OPEB Liability $314,666$ $20,085$ $334,751$ Total Liabilities $9,545,022$ $11,987,417$ $21,532,439$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $900,836$ $20,215$ $921,051$ Net Position $8$ $20,215$ $921,051$ Net Investment in Capital Assets $13,631,807$ $41,155,770$ $54,787,577$ Restricted for: $4,350$ - $4,350$ Prepaid Items $4,350$ - $4,350$ Law Enforcement $13,584$ - $13,584$ Recreation $100,000$ - $100,000$ Community Redevelopment $1,410,470$ - $1,410,470$ - $1,410,470$ Capital Improvements $5,542,044$ $673,673$ $669,896$ - $669,896$ -Debt Service- $207,410$ $207,410$ Unrestricted $(139,981)$ $3,200,942$ $3,060,961$	•	10,424	817,316			
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} Compensated Absences & 172,110 & 282 & 172,392 \\ Net Pension Liability & 5,094,238 & 134,629 & 5,228,867 \\ OPEB Liability & 314,666 & 20,085 & 334,751 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$						
Net Pension Liability         5,094,238         134,629         5,228,867           OPEB Liability         314,666         20,085         334,751           Total Liabilities         9,545,022         11,987,417         21,532,439           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         900,836         20,215         921,051           Net Position         900,836         20,215         921,051           Net Investment in Capital Assets         13,631,807         41,155,770         54,787,577           Restricted for:         900,000         -         4,350         -         4,350           Law Enforcement         13,584         -         13,584         -         13,584           Recreation         100,000         -         100,000         -         100,000           Community Redevelopment         1,410,470         -         1,410,470         -         1,410,470           Capital Improvements         669,896         -         669,896         -         669,896           Debt Service         -         207,410         207,410         207,410           Unrestricted         (139,981)         3,200,942         3,060,961						
OPEB Liability         314,666         20,085         334,751           Total Liabilities         9,545,022         11,987,417         21,532,439           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         900,836         20,215         921,051           Net Position         13,631,807         41,155,770         54,787,577           Restricted for:         4,350         -         4,350           Daw Enforcement         13,584         -         13,584           Recreation         100,000         -         100,000           Community Redevelopment         5,542,044         673,673         6,215,717           Road Improvements         669,896         -         669,896           Debt Service         -         207,410         207,410           Unrestricted         (139,981)         3,200,942         3,060,961	*		134,629			
Total Liabilities         9,545,022         11,987,417         21,532,439           Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         900,836         20,215         921,051           Net Position         13,631,807         41,155,770         54,787,577           Restricted for:         13,631,807         41,155,770         54,787,577           Prepaid Items         4,350         -         4,350           Law Enforcement         13,584         -         13,584           Recreation         100,000         -         100,000           Community Redevelopment         1,410,470         -         1,410,470           Capital Improvements         5,542,044         673,673         6,215,717           Road Improvements         669,896         -         669,896           Debt Service         -         207,410         207,410           Unrestricted         (139,981)         3,200,942         3,060,961	•					
Net Position           Net Investment in Capital Assets         13,631,807         41,155,770         54,787,577           Restricted for:         4,350         -         4,350           Prepaid Items         4,350         -         4,350           Law Enforcement         13,584         -         13,584           Recreation         100,000         -         100,000           Community Redevelopment         1,410,470         -         1,410,470           Capital Improvements         5,542,044         673,673         6,215,717           Road Improvements         669,896         -         669,896           Debt Service         -         207,410         207,410           Unrestricted         (139,981)         3,200,942         3,060,961	-					
Net Investment in Capital Assets         13,631,807         41,155,770         54,787,577           Restricted for:         -         4,350         -         4,350           Prepaid Items         4,350         -         4,350           Law Enforcement         13,584         -         13,584           Recreation         100,000         -         100,000           Community Redevelopment         1,410,470         -         1,410,470           Capital Improvements         5,542,044         673,673         6,215,717           Road Improvements         669,896         -         669,896           Debt Service         -         207,410         207,410           Unrestricted         (139,981)         3,200,942         3,060,961	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	900,836	20,215	921,051		
Restricted for:       4,350       -       4,350         Prepaid Items       13,584       -       13,584         Law Enforcement       100,000       -       100,000         Community Redevelopment       1,410,470       -       1,410,470         Capital Improvements       5,542,044       673,673       6,215,717         Road Improvements       669,896       -       669,896         Debt Service       -       207,410       207,410         Unrestricted       (139,981)       3,200,942       3,060,961	Net Position					
Prepaid Items       4,350       -       4,350         Law Enforcement       13,584       -       13,584         Recreation       100,000       -       100,000         Community Redevelopment       1,410,470       -       1,410,470         Capital Improvements       5,542,044       673,673       6,215,717         Road Improvements       669,896       -       669,896         Debt Service       -       207,410       207,410         Unrestricted       (139,981)       3,200,942       3,060,961	Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,631,807	41,155,770	54,787,577		
Law Enforcement       13,584       -       13,584         Recreation       100,000       -       100,000         Community Redevelopment       1,410,470       -       1,410,470         Capital Improvements       5,542,044       673,673       6,215,717         Road Improvements       669,896       -       669,896         Debt Service       -       207,410       207,410         Unrestricted       (139,981)       3,200,942       3,060,961	Restricted for:					
Recreation       100,000       -       100,000         Community Redevelopment       1,410,470       -       1,410,470         Capital Improvements       5,542,044       673,673       6,215,717         Road Improvements       669,896       -       669,896         Debt Service       -       207,410       207,410         Unrestricted       (139,981)       3,200,942       3,060,961	Prepaid Items	4,350	-	4,350		
Community Redevelopment         1,410,470         -         1,410,470           Capital Improvements         5,542,044         673,673         6,215,717           Road Improvements         669,896         -         669,896           Debt Service         -         207,410         207,410           Unrestricted         (139,981)         3,200,942         3,060,961	Law Enforcement	13,584	-	13,584		
Capital Improvements         5,542,044         673,673         6,215,717           Road Improvements         669,896         -         669,896           Debt Service         -         207,410         207,410           Unrestricted         (139,981)         3,200,942         3,060,961	Recreation	100,000	-	100,000		
Road Improvements         669,896         -         669,896           Debt Service         -         207,410         207,410           Unrestricted         (139,981)         3,200,942         3,060,961	Community Redevelopment	1,410,470	-	1,410,470		
Debt Service         -         207,410         207,410           Unrestricted         (139,981)         3,200,942         3,060,961	Capital Improvements	5,542,044	673,673	6,215,717		
Debt Service-207,410207,410Unrestricted(139,981)3,200,9423,060,961		669,896	-			
Unrestricted (139,981) 3,200,942 3,060,961	-	-	207,410	207,410		
	Unrestricted	(139,981)	3,200,942			
	Total Net Position					

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Pro	gram Revenue		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
			Operating	Capital				
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	<b>Business-type</b>		
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
<b>Government Activities</b>								
General Government	\$ 1,787,899	\$ 126,875	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,661,024)	\$ -	\$ (1,661,024)	
Public Safety	3,023,874	170,470	53,053	120,706	(2,679,645)	-	(2,679,645)	
Transportation	1,122,100	175,921	-	216,093	(730,086)	-	(730,086)	
Physical Environment	454,695	-	-	-	(454,695)	-	(454,695)	
Human Services/Health	120,455	-	9,811	-	(110,644)	-	(110,644)	
Economic Environment	98,550	-	-	-	(98,550)	-	(98,550)	
Culture/Recreation	387,629			6,988	(380,641)		(380,641)	
Total Governmental	\$ 6,995,202	\$ 473,266	\$ 62,864	\$ 343,787	(6,115,285)		(6,115,285)	
<b>Business-type Activities</b>								
Water and Sewer Utility	4,714,555	5,599,325	-	-	-	884,770	884,770	
Stormwater	132,894	123,669	-	269,091	-	259,866	259,866	
Gas Utility	1,009,562	1,203,438	-	23,492	-	217,368	217,368	
Sanitation	902,515	1,435,901	-	- , -	-	533,386	533,386	
Total Business-type	\$ 6,759,526	\$ 8,362,333	\$ -	\$ 292,583	-	1,895,390	1,895,390	
Total Governmental and								
Business-type Activities	\$ 13,754,728	\$ 8,835,599	\$ 62,864	\$ 636,370	(6,115,285)	1,895,390	(4,219,895)	
	General Rever	ues and Transf	ers					
	Property Taxe	es, Levied for Ge	eneral Purposes		2,391,225	-	2,391,225	
			x Increment Distr	ict	276,532	-	276,532	
	Fire Assessm				382,394	-	382,394	
	Sales Taxes				1,454,492	-	1,454,492	
	Local Option	Gas Tax			417,277	-	417,277	
	Franchise Tay				819,035	-	819,035	
	Utility Taxes				694,399	255,508	949,907	
	State Revenue	e Sharing			314,925	-	314,925	
		vernmental Reve	enues		116,849	-	116,849	
	Investment E				35,409	7,601	43,010	
		osal of Fixed As	sets		89,365	1,577	90,942	
	Rental Space				57,043	-	57,043	
	Miscellaneou	s Revenue			73,503	4,213	77,716	
	Transfers				1,277,896	(1,277,896)	-	
	Total General	Revenues and T	Transfers		8,400,344	(1,008,997)	7,391,347	
	Changes in Ne	t Position			2,285,059	886,393	3,171,452	
	Net Position, E	Beginning of Yea	ar		18,947,111	44,351,402	63,298,513	
	Net Position, <b>E</b>	Inding of Year			\$ 21,232,170	\$ 45,237,795	\$ 66,469,965	

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General	Capital Projects	Re	ommunity edevelop- t Tax Fund	American Rescue Plan	Non-major Funds	Total
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,847,519	\$ 6,046,575	\$	1,394,260	\$ 3,497,661	\$ 17,608	\$ 15,803,623
Accounts Receivable, Net	225,156	-			-	-	225,156
Due from Other Funds/Internal							
Balance	39,672	-		18,010	-	105,123	162,805
Due from Other Governments	104,899	159,656		-	-	39,672	304,227
Prepaid Items	86,763	-		4,350	-	-	91,113
Total Assets	\$ 5,304,009	\$ 6,206,231	\$	1,416,620	\$ 3,497,661	\$ 162,403	\$ 16,586,924
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable and Other							
Current Liabilities	\$ 341,729	\$ -	\$	1,800	\$ -	\$ 517	\$ 344,046
Due to Other Funds/Internal	÷ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Ŧ	*	-,	Ŧ	• • • • • •	+
Balance	123,133	-		-	-	39,672	162,805
Unearned Revenue	94,953	-		-	3,491,952	8,630	3,595,535
Total Liabilities	559,815	-		1,800	3,491,952	48,819	4,102,386
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid Items	86,763						86,763
Restricted for:	80,705	-		-	-	-	80,705
Law Enforcement	_	_		_	_	13,584	13,584
Community Redevelopment				1,414,820	_		1,414,820
Capital Improvements		5,536,335		1,414,020	5709	_	5,542,044
Recreation	_			-		100,000	100,000
Road Improvements	_	669,896		-	-		669,896
Committed:		009,090					009,090
Annual Leave Reserve	48,770	-		-	-	-	48,770
Unassigned, Reported in:	10,770						10,770
General fund	4,608,661	-		-	-	-	4,608,661
Total Fund Balances	4,744,194	6,206,231		1,414,820	5,709	113,584	12,484,538
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,304,009	\$ 6,206,231	\$	1,416,620	\$ 3,497,661	\$ 162,403	\$ 16,586,924

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$	12,484,538
Accounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are nor reported in the funds.	t	13,631,807
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,622,102
Deferred Inflows of Resources		(900,836)
Net pension liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in governmental funds.		(5,094,238)
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:		
Lease Copier Liability		(24,427)
Compensated Absences		(172,110)
Other Post Employment Benefit Liability		(314,666)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	21,232,170

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General	Capital Projects Funds	Community Redevelopment Tax	American Rescue Plan	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 4,267,794	\$ 1,429,087	\$ 276,532	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,973,413
Licenses and Permits	251,261	-	-	-	-	251,261
Intergovernmental	1,109,808	-	-	-	180,747	1,290,555
Charges for Services	207,776	-	-	-	-	207,776
Fines and Forfeitures	12,926	-	-	-	1,304	14,230
Tower Rental	57,043	-	-	-	-	57,043
Interest	10,726	15,750	3,224	5,709	-	35,409
Donations	-	-	-	-	9,811	9,811
Miscellaneous	162,868	-	-	-	-	162,868
Total Revenue	6,080,202	1,444,837	279,756	5,709	191,862	8,002,366
Expenditures						
General Government	1,712,249	-	143,595	-	-	1,855,844
Public Safety	3,081,679	-	-	-	180,747	3,262,426
Transportation	1,367,409	-	36,343	-	-	1,403,752
Physical Environment	197,846	-	-	-	-	197,846
Human Services	40,250	-	-	-	80,205	120,455
Economic Environment	4,660	-	93,890	-	-	98,550
Culture/Recreation	226,554	-	1,075	-	160,000	387,629
Total Expenditures	6,630,647	-	274,903	-	420,952	7,326,502
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenue						
(Under) Over Expenditures	(550,445)	1,444,837	4,853	5,709	(229,090)	675,864
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	2,157,896	-	284,278	-	-	2,442,174
Transfers out	(284,278)	(880,000)	-	-	-	(1,164,278)
Total Other Financing		()				
Sources (Uses)	1,873,618	(880,000)	284,278			1,277,896
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,323,173	564,837	289,131	5,709	(229,090)	1,953,760
				5,105	× · · · ·	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	3,421,021	5,641,394	1,125,689	-	342,674	10,530,778
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$4,744,194	\$ 6,206,231	\$ 1,414,820	\$ 5,709	\$ 113,584	\$ 12,484,538

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 1,953,760

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization expenses for the current period:

Capital Outlay Expenditures Capital Asset Disposals and Transfers Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	\$ 1,036,615 (25,877) (790,111)	220,627
The changes in net pension liability and pension related deferred outflows and inflows result in an adjustment to pension expense in the statement of activities, but not in the governmental fund statements		13,846
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment is for the following items:		
Change in Leased Copier Liability Change in Compensated Absences Liabilities Change in OPEB Liability		(24,427) 30,879 90,374
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 2,285,059

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### **Business-Type Activities-Enterprise Funds**

Business-Type Activities-Enterprise Funds						
	Water and	Stormwater	Gas Ed	Sanitation	Tetal	
Assets	Sewer Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,964,662	\$ 1,745	\$ 100,607	\$ 735,569	\$ 2,802,583	
Accounts Receivables, Net	624,281	11,109	144,143	161,715	941,248	
Due from Other Governments	92,114	177,890	-	-	270,004	
Due from Other Funds	80,474	-	-	-	80,474	
Other Current Assets	113,460			3,000	116,460	
Total Current Assets	2,874,991	190,744	244,750	900,284	4,210,769	
Property and Equipment						
Land	1,578,657	22,927	600	-	1,602,184	
Building and Improvements	68,474,823	1,570,914	1,448,207	-	71,493,944	
Machinery and Equipment	1,085,412	88,348	239,574	595,965	2,009,299	
Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases	1,814	-	-	-	1,814	
Total Property and Equipment	71,140,706	1,682,189	1,688,381	595,965	75,107,241	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(22,237,922)	(748,290)	(830,565)	(233,444)	(24,050,221)	
Less Accumulated Amortization on						
Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases	(194)	-	-	-	(194)	
Construction Work in Progress	19,164	323,963	-	-	343,127	
Net Property and Equipment	48,921,754	1,257,862	857,816	362,521	51,399,953	
Noncurrent Restricted Cash	1,156,862	19,103	162,587	260,006	1,598,558	
Total Assets	52,953,607	1,467,709	1,265,153	1,522,811	57,209,280	
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	-	-	-	36,147	36,147	
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	255,527	76,417	84,990	59,428	476,362	
Due to Other Funds	39,092	80,474	-		80,474	
Accrued Interest Payable Current Portion of Notes and	39,092	2,885	-	-	41,977	
Leases Payable	781,723	35,593	-	_	817,316	
Total Current Liabilities	1,076,342	195,369	84,990	59,428	1,416,129	
Deposits	406,855	-	162,587	148,033	717,475	
OPEB Liability	-100,055	_	102,507	20,085	20,085	
Compensated Absences	-	_	-	20,005	282	
Notes and Leases Payable	9,428,300	270,517	-	-	9,698,817	
Net Pension Liability	-	-	-	134,629	134,629	
Total Liabilities	10,911,497	465,886	247,577	362,457	11,987,417	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-	20,215	20,215	
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	38,713,681	1,221,752	857,816	362,521	41,155,770	
Restricted for Capital Replacement	561,700	-	-	111,973	673,673	
Restricted for Debt Service	188,307	19,103	-	-	207,410	
Unrestricted	2,578,422	(239,032)	159,760	701,792	3,200,942	
Total Net Position	\$ 42,042,110	\$ 1,001,823	\$ 1,017,576	\$ 1,176,286	\$ 45,237,795	
	÷,5 . <b>_</b> ,1 10	,	,,	,_/0,_00	,,,,,,,,,	

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds								
		Water and	Sto	ormwater		Gas	S	Sanitation	
	S	ewer Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Total
Operating Revenues Charges for Services	\$	5,611,925	\$	123,669	\$	1,203,438	\$	1,435,901	8,374,933
C	Ψ	5,011,725	Ψ	125,007	Ψ	1,205,450	•	1,455,701	0,574,955
Operating Expenses Personnel Services								252 525	252 525
Cost of Sales		-		-		- 693,046		252,525 414,866	252,525
		360,655		- 1,421		21,944		120,607	1,107,912 504,627
Materials and Supplies Utilities		286,610		1,421		3,650		650	290,910
Taxes		280,010		-		17,104		050	17,104
Maintenance and Repairs		308,120		-		8,871		42,961	359,952
Depreciation		1,471,590		- 71,957		48,620		42,901 55,436	1,647,603
Insurance		90,170		2,675		48,020		15,470	1,047,003
Contractual Services		1,986,665		50,365		212,135		- 13,470	2,249,165
		4,503,810						902,515	
Total Operating Expenses		4,303,810		126,418		1,009,562		902,515	6,542,305
Operating Income (Loss)		1,108,115		(2,749)		193,876		533,386	1,832,628
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)									
Interest Earnings		5,178		8		312		2,103	7,601
Utility Tax		255,508		-		-		-	255,508
Gain on Disposal of									
Fixed Assets		1,577		-		-		-	1,577
Interest Expense		(210,745)		(6,476)		-		-	(217,221)
Other Revenues (Expenses)		(11,223)		-		(1,640)		4,476	(8,387)
Total Nonoperating Income (Expenses)		40,295		(6,468)		(1,328)		6,579	39,078
Income Before Other Revenues,									
Expenses, Gains, and, Transfers		1,148,410		(9,217)		192,548		539,965	1,871,706
Capital Contributions (Grants) and Transfers									
Capital Grants		-		269,091		23,492		-	292,583
Transfers out		(794,176)		(16,000)		(193,472)		(274,248)	(1,277,896)
Total Capital Contributions (Grants) and		<u>`</u>						`	`
Transfers		(794,176)		253,091		(169,980)		(274,248)	(985,313)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		354,234		243,874		22,568		265,717	886,393
Net Position, Beginning of Year		41,687,876		757,949		995,008		910,569	44,351,402
Net Position, End of Year	\$	42,042,110	\$ 1	1,001,823	\$	1,017,576	\$	1,176,286	\$ 45,237,795

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Business-type	e Activities-Ente Water and	Stormwater	Gas	Sanitation	
	water and Sewer Fund	Stormwater Fund	Gas Fund	Sanitation Fund	Total
<b>Cash Flows From Operating Activities</b>	Sewer Fullu	<u> </u>	Fullu	Fulla	Total
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 5,580,622	\$ 122,824	\$ 1,197,578	\$ 1,438,488	\$ 8,339,512
Cash Paid to Suppliers	(3,009,235)	(56,455)	(933,360)	(568,042)	(4,567,092)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(3,007,233)	(30,433)	(755,500)	(258,275)	(4,307,072) (258,275)
Net Cash Provided by	-	-	-	(230,275)	(230,275)
Operating Activities	2,571,387	66,369	264,218	612,171	3,514,145
Cash Flows From Noncapital and				,.,.	- ,,
Related Financing Activities					
Utility Taxes	255,508	-	-	-	255,508
Due from Other Funds	(80,474)	80,474	3,594	-	3,594
Miscellaneous	(11,223)		(1,640)	4,476	(8,387)
Operating Transfers Out	(794,176)	(16,000)	(193,472)	(274,248)	(1,277,896)
Net Cash (Used for) Provided by Noncapital	(774,170)	(10,000)	(1)5,172)	(274,240)	(1,277,090)
and Related Financing Activities	(630,365)	64,474	(191,518)	(269,772)	(1,027,181)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related			(		
Financing Activities					
Acquisition and Construction of					
Capital Assets	(191,348)	(249,464)	(25,961)	_	(466,773)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(789,311)	(34,875)	(25,501)	_	(824,186)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(210,745)	(6,476)	-	-	(217,221)
Capital Grants and Contributions	(210,745)	91,201	23,492	-	114,693
Net Cash (Used In) Capital and		91,201	23,472		114,075
Related Financing Activities	(1,191,404)	(199,614)	(2,469)	-	(1,393,487)
C C	(-,-,-,.,.,)	(177,011)	(=,:::)		(-,-,-,-,,,)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	5 1 7 9	0	212	2 1 0 2	7 (01
Interest Received	5,178	8	312	2,103	7,601
Net Cash Provided By	5 1 7 9	0	212	2 1 0 2	7 (01
for Investing Activities	5,178	8	312	2,103	7,601
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash					
and Cash Equivalents	754,796	(68,763)	70,543	344,502	1,101,078
Cash and Cash Equivalents,					
Beginning of Year	2,366,728	89,611	192,591	651,073	3,300,003
0 0		0,011	1,0,0,0		2,200,002
Cash and Cash Equivalents,			¢ 262.124		Ф 4 401 001
End of Year	\$ 3,121,524	\$ 20,848	\$ 263,134	\$ 995,575	\$ 4,401,081
As presented on the accompanying statement	of net position:				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,964,662	1,745	100,607	735,569	2,802,583
Cash and cash equivalents					
Non-current restricted cash	1,156,862	19,103	162,587	260,006	1,598,558

## CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

## (Concluded)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water and	Stormwater	Gas	Sanitation	
	Sewer Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
<b>Reconciliation of Operating Income to</b>					
Net Cash Provided by Operating					
Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 1,108,115	\$ (2,749)	\$ 193,876	\$ 533,386 \$	1,832,628
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating					
Income to Net Cash Provided by					
Operating Activities:					
Depreciation	1,471,590	71,957	48,620	55,436	1,647,603
Decrease (Increase) in Assets:					
Accounts Receivable	(72,179)	(845)	(18,875)	(17,455)	(109,354)
Prepaid	(91,460)	-	-	(3,000)	(94,460)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	114,445	(1,994)	27,582	29,512	169,545
Customer Deposits	40,876	-	13,015	20,042	73,933
Other Postemployment Benefits and					
Related Deferred InFlows and Outflows	-	-	-	(5,194)	(5,194)
Net Pension Liability and Pension					
Related Deferred Inflows and Outflows				(556)	(556)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 2,571,387	\$ 66,369	\$ 264,218	\$ 612,171	3,514,145

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### Assets:

Accrued interest	\$	2,291
Other Receivable		533
		2,824
Investments, at fair value		
Money Market funds		33,127
U.S. Treasury notes/Gov't bonds		352,954
Corporate bonds		181,902
Common stocks and equity securities		826,007
Total investments	1	,393,990
Total Assets	1	,396,814
Net Position		
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 1	,396,814

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Additions:

Contributions from:	
City	\$ 60,869
Total contributions	 60,869
Investment income:	
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	(302,259)
Interest and Dividend earnings	28,010
Less Investment Expense	(7,986)
Total investment income	 (282,235)
Total additions	(221,366)
Deductions:	
Benefit payments	176,504
Administrative expenses	 15,940
Total deductions	 192,444
Net increase (decrease)	(413,810)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	 1,810,624
Net Position, End of year	\$ 1,396,814



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA Notes to the financial statements September 30, 2022

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Live Oak, Florida, have been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted body for promulgating governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the City's significant accounting policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Live Oak, Florida is a political subdivision of the State of Florida created by Charter appearing as Chapter 213.61, Page 1008, Laws of Florida, 1941, which became law on June 16, 1941 and, accordingly, is subject to restrictions imposed by the Florida Constitution and Statutes as well as by its own ordinances. The legislative branch of the City is composed of an elected five-member Council. The City Council is governed by the City Charter and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Council is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Council-appointed City Manager. Additionally, the elected Mayor serves in an oversight function.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the applicable funds controlled by or dependent on the City. In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the entity may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be included within the City's financial statements. Criteria used to define the City of Live Oak reporting entity included: (1) a measurement of the degree to which the City exercised oversight responsibility over potential component units of the City, (2) a consideration of the scope of public service of the potential component units, and (3) a consideration of the existence of special financing relationships. The application of these criteria to potential component units indicated that the City of Live Oak reporting entity consists of those functions and activities administered directly by the Mayor and Council. The City has one blended component unit, the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA). The CRA was created in 1995 pursuant to Chapter 163, Florida Statues and City Ordinance No.861. the CRA is being treated as a blended component unit and included as part of the primary government for financial reporting purposes because five of the sevenmember governing body of the CRA are also City Councilmembers. The other two members are appointed by the City Council. In addition, a financial benefit or burden relationship exists between the City and the CRA. The CRA is presented in the financial statements of the City as a special revenue fund. The CRA does not issue a separate set of financial statements. The Live Oak Suwannee County Recreation Department and the Live Oak Housing Authority are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, comprising the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, report aggregated information for the overall government for all of the activates of the primary government. Imposed nonexchange resources (property taxes, fines) are reported as deferred inflows if received before the tax is levied or before the date when use is first permitted. Government mandated nonexchange transactions (grants) and voluntary nonexchange transactions (donations) resources are reported as liabilities until the eligible requirements are met and as deferred inflow if received before time requirements are met. The primary government is reported in two columns to separately report governmental activities from business-type activities. These statements do not report fiduciary funds or fiduciary component units such as retirement trust funds. Those activities are reported only in fund financial statements. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements as is further disclosed below under the heading *Interfund Balances and Transfers*.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are financed wholly or partially by fees charged to external parties for goods or services and are reported in enterprise funds.

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA Notes to the financial statements September 30, 2022

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements- continued

The Statement of Net Position presents the overall government's financial position at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents direct expenses of a given function or segment offset by program revenues for the fiscal reporting period. The resulting net expense or revenue is then totaled and offset by general revenues producing the aggregate change in net assets for the period. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment of the government, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other non-exchange revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual business-type funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or as soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. The City does not use an encumbrance system.

Taxes, intergovernmental revenue, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions*. Non-exchange transactions are grouped into four classes, based on their principal characteristics. The accounting treatment for each type of transaction is as follows:

*Derived Tax Revenue*, defined as assessments imposed on exchange transactions. Examples include: sales taxes, franchise tax, utility taxes, etc. Assets from derived tax revenue are recognized in the period when the exchange transaction on which the tax is imposed or when resources are received, whichever occurs first. Revenues are recognized, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, in the same period that the assets are recognized. Resources received in advance are recorded as deferred revenue until the period of the exchange.

*Imposed Non-exchange Revenue* results from assessments on non-governmental entities, other than assessments on exchange transactions. Examples include: ad valorem (property) taxes, fines and penalties, and property forfeitures. Assets from imposed non-exchanged revenues are recognized in the period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises or when the resources are received, whichever occurs first. Property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. All other imposed non-exchange revenues are recognized in the same period that the assets are recognized.

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA Notes to the financial statements September 30, 2022

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – continued

*Government-mandated Non-exchange Transactions* frequently establish eligibility requirements before a transaction can occur. Examples include federal awards and state financial assistance. Until the requirements are met, the recipient does not have a receivable and the recognition of revenue received in advance is deferred. The providers (usually federal, state, and county governments) often offer resources on a reimbursement ("expenditure-driven") basis at the time the recipient has incurred allowable costs under the applicable program.

*Voluntary Non-exchange Transactions* result from legislative or contractual agreements other than exchanges, entered into willingly by two or more parties. Examples include certain grants, entitlements, and donations by non-governmental entities. Principal characteristics of these types of transactions are (1) they are not imposed on the provider or recipient, and (2) fulfillment of eligibility requirements is essential for a transaction to occur. Assets and revenues are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources received in advance are reported as unearned revenue.

Proprietary fund and pension trust fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

The City's accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The focus of the governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds, as defined and determined based on criteria established under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund* – The General Fund is the principal fund of the City which accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The majority of current operating expenditures of the City other than proprietary fund activities are financed through revenues received by the General Fund.

*Capital Projects Funds* – Capital projects funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds).

*Community Redevelopment Agency* – Tax Increment funds are used for specific redevelopment purposes within the targeted area by the Community Redevelopment Agency. The Agency is responsible for developing and implementing the Community Redevelopment Plan that addresses the unique needs of the targeted area.

*American Rescue Plan Act Fund* – Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Funds are governed by the CSLFRF final rule. The City choose to report its Federal ARPA funds under the "revenue loss" category for reporting purposes. The majority of the ARPA funds will be utilized to improve and rehabilitate Water, Sewer, and Stormwater facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

*Water and Sewer Utility Fund* – The Water and Sewer Utility Fund accounts for the costs and recovery of costs, in the form of use charges, related to the City's water and wastewater systems.

*Stormwater Utility Fund* – The Stormwater Utility Fund accounts for the costs and recovery of costs, in the form of user charges, associated with the City's stormwater system.

*Gas Utility Fund* – The Gas Utility Fund accounts for the costs and recovery of costs, in the form of user charges, associated with the City's natural gas system.

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – continued

Sanitation Fund – The Sanitation Fund provides the city with refuse services, the costs of which are recovered by user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

*Special Revenue Funds* – These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, or capital projects) which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities of the City. These funds include the Local Government Fund, Special Projects Fund, Victim's Advocate Fund, Public Safety Fund, and the State Grant Fund.

*Pension Trust Fund* – Pension trust funds are accounted for by the City to provide data on the accumulation of financial resources to pay pension benefits to qualified participants in the City's Firefighter's Substitute Pension Trust Fund.

Amounts reported in the funds as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances due to and due from these different types of activities within the primary government.

The City reports as program revenues: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expense from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing activities. For the City, operating revenues come from user and collection fees for water, wastewater, stormwater, gas, and sanitation services, which are the principal ongoing operations of the City's Water and Sewer Fund, Stormwater Fund, Gas Fund and Sanitation Fund, respectively. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

*Deposits and Investments* - The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and local resolution. These policies authorize the City to invest in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills, or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, interest bearing savings accounts, interest bearing certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing time deposits.

All of the City's investments are reported at fair value. All fiduciary (fire pension) fund investments are stated at fair value.

**Receivables and payable** - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

### D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows, Inflows, and Net Position

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, which is based upon management's analysis of historical trends. Utility operating sales are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered quarterly. Unbilled accounts receivable is accrued by the City at September 30<sup>th</sup>, to recognize the sales revenues earned between the last meter reading date made in mid-September through the end of the fiscal year.

### Inventories and Prepaid Items

It is the policy of the City to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The number of supplies on hand at any one time would be a nominal amount and are considered to be immaterial.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

### **Restricted Assets**

Certain proceeds of the City's revenue note obligations, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets in the government-wide financial statements because their use is limited by applicable legal indentures imposed by applicable bond covenants and other legal indentures. The restricted assets are used to report resources set aside to 1) provide a reserve for debt service, 2) provide a reserve for maintenance and replacement costs, 3) acquire capital assets, and 4) limitations placed on customers' depository accounts.

### Capital Assets

The capital assets include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets. The terms general capital assets and general infrastructure assets relate only to the assets associated with governmental activities, whereas the terms capital assets and infrastructure assets relate to all such assets belonging to the City. To ease implementation efforts, GASB Statement No. 34 provided the City with an extended transition period for reporting existing general infrastructure assets. Accordingly, the City is only reporting general infrastructure assets and related depreciation expense on these assets, for those assets acquired in the year of implementation of the pronouncement in the entity-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. The capitalization policy for building and improvements other than buildings requires an asset's initial cost to be \$1,000 or greater before it is capitalized. All infrastructure asset costs must also exceed \$1,000 or more before the assets are capitalized. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are only capitalized if they meet the dollar threshold above for capitalization.

Proprietary fund capital assets that are constructed include construction period interest that is capitalized net of interest earned on unexpended construction funds, and therefore, depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related asset.

Maintenance and repairs of property and replacements and renewals of items determined to be less than a unit of property are charged to operating expenses.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows, Inflows, and Net Position - continued

Depreciation is reported for the primary government using the straight-line method (half-year convention in year of acquisition) calculated on a service-life basis to amortize the cost of the assets over their estimated economic useful lives, which are as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 50 years
Equipment	10 - 25 years
Computers and firearms	5 years
Infrastruture	10 - 25 years

#### Adoption of GASB Statement No. 87

The GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87) in June of 2017. This statement is effective for the current fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The City reviewed the provisions of GASB 87 and compiled an inventory of agreements that would potentially be impacted by the implementation of this statement. An evaluation of each agreement was made, based on materiality to the City's financial statements. Based on this evaluation, the impact of the provisions of GASB 87 to the City was deemed not significant for agreements in which the City acts as lessor but was considered to be significant for agreements were evaluated as of the implementation date of October 1, 2021. As such, no restatement of prior period balances related to affected agreements was required. See Note 14 for a description of the City's applicable lease agreements.

### Deferred outflows and Inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents and acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

### **Compensated Absences**

The portion of employees' payroll costs paid subsequent to year-end, which are attributable to services performed prior to year-end. Accumulated unpaid vacation, sick-leave, and personal leave is recorded and recognized as a current liability if due and payable within one fiscal year of the financial statement date. The remainder of the liability for compensated absences payable beyond the current period is recorded as a long-term liability. In fiscal year 2010-2011, the City modified the compensated absences program. The program is now referred to as Paid Time Off (PTO). This change was made to limit the liability to the City. There is no distinction between sick and vacation leave, but the maximum accrual to be paid upon leaving the City's employ has been reduced to no more than 1 year's total accrual. All time accumulated under the Sick and Vacation time will be paid out when the employee terminates employment with the City if not utilized after PTO balances are utilized. Regular full-time City employees receive personal leave as follows:

	Annual Accrual Days
Completion of 1 to 2 years of service	17
Completion of 3 to 9 years of service	22
Completion of 10 to 19 years of service	27
Completion of 20 to 29 years of service	32
Completion of 30 years of service	36

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

### D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows, Inflows, and Net Position - continued

### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenues are reported when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

### **Long-term Debt Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### Categories and Classification of Fund Balance:

This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54, are Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund Balance can have different levels of restraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

### Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates assumed in preparing the financial statements.

#### Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position:

Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net positions – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in the reconciliation.

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities:

### Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - continued

Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

### Note 3 – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

### A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets for all governmental and proprietary funds were adopted in compliance with Florida law. The basis on which the budgets are prepared is consistent with the basis of accounting utilized by the various fund types. The governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary funds' budgets are prepared on a full accrual basis of accounting. The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

- 1. On or before July 1<sup>st</sup>, Department Supervisors submit a preliminary budget for their department to the City Administrator.
- 2. Budget workshop sessions are scheduled by the City Council, as needed
- 3. A general summary of the budget and notice of public hearing is published in the local newspaper.
- 4. Prior to October 1<sup>st</sup>, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 5. The City Manager must approve all inter-departmental budget amendments and/or appropriations transfers. Budgetary control is exercised at the function level.
- 6. All appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year.

The budgets for governmental funds that were adopted during the year by the City Council were prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The general, special revenue, community redevelopment tax and capital projects funds have legally adopted budgets. The American Rescue Plan Act Fund is a new fund for the year under audit. As funding received was not planned funding, and no expenditures were expected to occur or did occur in this fund during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, no budget was legally required to be prepared or adopted for this fund.

The water and sewer utility fund, stormwater utility fund, gas utility fund, and sanitation fund also have legally adopted budgets. Presentation of budget /actual comparisons for these funds has not been presented in these financial statements as the disclosure would be misleading and is not required by generally accepted accounting principles.

### Note 4 – Property Tax Calendar

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school district property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws of the state regulating tax assessment are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State Statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. This millage rate assessed by the City was 9.2521 mills for the year ended September 30, 2022.

The property tax calendar is as follows: Valuation Date		January 1, 2021
Property appraiser prepares the assessed January 1, 2021, submits preliminary ro and notifies each taxing authority of their	oll for approval by the State	July 1, 2021
City Council holds two required public h and ad valorem tax millage rate for the co		September, 2021
Property appraiser certified the assessed tangible personal property taxes are due		November 1, 2021
A Notice of Taxes is mailed to each proper roll. Taxes are paid November 2021 the following applicable discounts:		November 1, 2021
Month Paid	Discount Percent	
November	4	
December	3	
January	2	
February	1	
March	0	
All unpaid taxes on real and tangible delinquent.	personal property become	April 1, 2022
A list of unpaid tangible personal proper real property taxes are advertised.	ty taxes and a list of unpaid	April/May 2022
Tax certificates are sold on all real esta property taxes (Lien date).	ate parcels with unpaid real	May/June 2022
A court order is obtained authorizing the property if the taxpayer fails to pay the d		September 10, 2022

# CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA Notes to the financial statements

September 30, 2022

### NOTE 5 - Cash Deposits and Investments

Deposits

	Carrying		
	Amount	Bank Balance	
Insured (1)	\$ 20,203,689	\$ 20,433,272	
Uninsured:			
Uncollateralized (2)	33,127	33,127	
Cash Funds	1,075		
Total Deposits	20,237,891	20,466,399	
Investments	Fair Value	Maturities	Credit Rating
Pension Fund investments held by trustee:			
Common stock listed on ASE, NYSE, and NASDAQ	826,007	N/A	N/A
U.S. Government bonds	352,954	N/A	N/A
Corporate bonds	8,446	10 years or less	AA2/AA
Corporate bonds	11,764	8 years or less	A3/A-
Corporate bonds	8,569	8 years or less	A2/A
Corporate bonds	8,499	7 years or less	A2/A
Corporate bonds	5,015	7 years or less	A2/A
Corporate bonds	8,270	6 years or less	A1/A+
Corporate bonds	8,437	5 years or less	A2/A
Corporate bonds	7,806	5 years or less	AA3/A+
Corporate bonds	2,761	5 years or less	A1/AA-
Corporate bonds	7,551	5 years or less	A1/A+
Corporate bonds	10,472	4 years or less	A2/A-
Corporate bonds	13,079	4 years or less	A2/A
Corporate bonds	3,776	4 years or less	A3/A-
Corporate bonds	6,625	4 years or less	A1/A
Corporate bonds	8,716	3 years or less	A1/A-
Corporate bonds	14,801	2 years or less	AA3/AA-
Corporate bonds	11,776	2 years or less	AAA/AAA
Corporate bonds	5,907	2 years or less	A3/A-
Corporate bonds	14,709	1 years or less	A1/A
Corporate bonds	14,923	1 years or less	A2/A+
Total fair value	\$ 1,360,863		

(1) FDIC and Florida Security for Public Deposits Act.

(2) Money market funds held by trustees in the Firefighter's Substitute Pension Trust Fund are uninsured, uncollateralized funds.

A reconciliation of cash and investments to the financial statements of the primary government is as follows:

Carrying value of deposits Carrying value of investments	\$ 20,237,891 1,360,863	
Total per note detail		\$ 21,598,754
Cash and Cash equivalents	\$ 18,606,206	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,598,558	
Fiduciary fund cash and investments	 1,393,990	
Total reported in statement of net position and statement of fudiciary net position		\$ 21,598,754

### Note 5 – Cash Deposits and Investments – continued

### **Investment Policy**

The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes, specifically Sections 218.415 and 218.415(17). Authorized investments of the City and are limited to:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act.
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- c) Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories.
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

When the Firefighter's substitute pension plan replaced the Fire pension plan in July 2006, Ordinance 1134 authorized the Firefighter's pension board the authority to invest in assets in accordance with the written investment policy. Authorized investments of the pension plan under the investment policy are as follows: Equities

- Equity securities must be listed on the New York and principal regional and foreign exchanges or in over the counter securities where an active market maker is regulated by the NASD.
- For international investing, American Depository Receipts (ADRs) that trade over the counter, such as "Pink Sheet" ADR's and Bulletin Board ADR's are permissible.
- Any investment not in the categories listed above is prohibited.

Fixed Income

- Fixed income securities shall be invested in marketable debt securities issued or guaranteed by either (a) the United States Government or its agencies, (b) domestic corporations or Israel Bonds (c) domestic banks and other US financial institutions, or (d) state and municipal bonds.
- Except for Treasury and Agency obligations, the debt portion of the Pension Fund shall contain no more than 10% of a given issuer irrespective of the number of differing issues.
- If commercial paper is used, it must be only of the highest quality (A-1 or P-1)
- Private placement debt is not permissible.

### **Risk Disclosures**

The City does not have an investment policy that addresses its exposure to interest rate changes, custodial credit risk, or credit quality risk. The following items discuss the Citys and the pension plan's exposure to various risks:

### Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with the provisions of the state statutes governing allowable investments, the City manages its exposure to the declines in interest rates by limiting the maturity of specific investments to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. The pension plan investment policy does not have any restrictions as to the maturity or duration of fixed income securities.

#### Note 5 – Cash Deposits and Investments – continued

### Credit Quality Risk

City Investments - The City has not adopted a specific investment policy with respect to the investment of government-wide funds. Section 218.415, Florida Statutes addresses investment policies for municipalities within the state of Florida. Provisions of that statute indicate that in the absence of written policy, the City defaults to the authorized investments specified under Section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes for government-wide investments. A description of the investments permissible under this section of the state statutes is outlined under the heading Investment Policy above.

Investments of the Pension Trust Fund – The Substitute Fire Pension Board has the authority to guide the trustees on the investment plan for the Fire pension funds. The Board's investment policy states that all fixed income securities must hold a rating of one of the three highest classifications by a major rating service. Securities ratings that are reduced beneath the three highest classifications after purchase should be sold by the portfolio manager within a reasonable period of time as determined by the manager. As of September 30, 2022 the City's investments in corporate bonds, held by trustees of the Substitute Firefighters Pension Trust Fund, were rated from A3 to AA2 by Standard & Poor's and rated by Moody's Investors Service from AA to A-, in the amounts as indicated above.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

For the City's investments, the provisions of Sections 218.415 (17), Florida Statutes do not specifically address concentration of credit risk; however, authorized investments are generally limited to securities that by their nature are either guaranteed by the United States government, or hold the highest credit rating.

The pension plan's investment policy requires investments to be diversified to the extent practicable to control the risk of loss resulting from on overconcentration of assets in a in a specific maturity, issuer, instrument, dealer, or bank through which financial instruments are purchased and sold. As such, the equity position in any one company shall not exceed 5% of the total portfolio at market. The total portfolio shall not exceed the 25% maximum limit on foreign securities at market. In addition, the fixed income portion of the pension fund shall not contain more than 10% of a given issuer irrespective of the number of differing issues. Other diversification standards must be developed and applied by the Investment Managers.

### Custodial Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Pursuant to the applicable provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, the *Florida Security of Public Deposits Act* ("the Act"), the State of Florida, Department of Financial Services, Division of Treasury, Bureau of Collateral Management have established specific requirements relative to the security and collateralization for public deposits. Accordingly, banks qualifying as a public depository in the State of Florida must adopt the necessary procedures outlined in these statutes and meet all of the requirements of this chapter to be designated by the State Chief Financial Officer as eligible to receive deposits from municipal depositors. Collateral having a market value equal to 50% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable depository insurance is required to be pledged or deposited with the State Chief Financial Officer to secure such deposits. Additional collateral, up to a maximum of 125%, may be required if deemed necessary under the conditions set forth in the Act. Securities eligible to be pledged as collateral are generally limited to obligations of the United States government and any state thereof and are held in the name of the State Chief Financial Officer's office. Compliance with the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, is monitored by a Qualified Public Depository Oversight Board with members appointed by the State Chief Financial Officer. The pension funds utilize a third party custodian to help manage custodial credit risk.

### Note 5 - Cash Deposits and Investments - continued

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City (primary government) will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's pension trust fund's investments of \$1,360,863 held in street name in the form of stock, corporate bonds, and U. S. Government bonds through a financial brokerage firm and are uninsured and unregistered.

### **Fair Value Measurements**

The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels:

Level 1 Inputs—are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs—are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs—are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs.

The City's investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value in the hierarchy described above. The fair value measurements for the City's pension investments are as follows at September 30, 2022:

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
Investments by Fair Value Level	Amount		Acti for	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		gnificant Other servable ts (Level 2)	Unobs	ificant ervable (Level 3)	
Money Market Funds	\$	33,127	\$	33,127	\$	-	\$	-	
U.S. Bonds & Bills		352,954		352,954		-		-	
Common Stocks/Equity		826,007		826,007		-		-	
Corporate Bonds		181,902		-		181,902		-	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$	1,393,990	\$	1,212,088	\$	181,902	\$	-	

Note: As of September 30, 2022, the City had accrued interest receivable related to investments of \$2,291.

Money Market Funds, U.S. Treasury Notes, and Common Stocks/Equity are valued based on prices quoted in active markets and are categorized as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. Corporate bonds are valued using quoted prices for similar securities in active markets and are categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

### **Note 6 – Restricted Assets**

The City's financial statements include restricted assets as a result of maintaining (holding) enterprise funds' customers' depository accounts and serial debt indenture requirements.

A summary of restricted assets of the City, at September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Business-type Activities:

	Water and				
	Sewer	Stormwater		Sanitation	
	Utility Fund	Fund	Gas Fund	Fund	Total
Checking Account	1,156,862	19,103	162,587	260,006	1,598,558
	\$ 1,156,862	\$ 19,103	\$ 162,587	\$ 260,006	\$ 1,598,558

### Note 7 – Accounts Receivable

The City's accounts receivable at September 30, 2022 consists of the following:

Governmental Activities: General Fund: Delinquent taxes receivable Accounts receivable Less allowance for doubtful accounts Total governmental activities accounts reveivable, net	\$ 3,693 237,463 (16,000)	\$ 225,156
Business-type Activities:		
Enterprise Funds:		
Water and Sewer Utility		
Accounts receivable	\$ 838,872	
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	 (214,591)	
Stormwater Utility Fund:		
Accounts receivable	18,109	
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	 (7,000)	
Gas Utility Fund:		
Accounts receivable	190,327	
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	 (46,184)	
Sanitation Fund:		
Accounts receivable	244,082	
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(82,367)	
Total business-type activities accounts receivable, net		\$ 941,248

### Note 8 – Due from Other Governments

The City's due from other governments at September 30, 2022 consists of the following:

Governmental Activities		
Suwannee County	\$ 2,553	
Other Local Government-Housing Authority	19,259	
State of Florida, Department of Revenue	242,728	
State of Florida, Department of Transportation	4,038	
State of Florida, Department of Legal Affairs	8,004	
State of Florida, Department of Law Enforcement	20,657	
Florida Department of Recreation and Parks	6,988	 
		\$ 304,227
Business-type Activities		
State of Florida, Department of Corrections	\$ 92,114	
State of Florida, Department of Transportation	177,890	 
		\$ 270,004

### Note 9 – Interfund Balances and Transfers

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time between the dates reimbursable expenditures occur, when transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and when payments between funds are made. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year. Individual fund interfund receivables and payables for the primary government at September 30, 2022, comprise the following:

· · · ·	Interfund	Interfund
Fund	Receivables	Payables
Internal balances - due to/from other funds:		
General Fund	39,672	123,133
Special Revenue Funds:		
Local Government Fund	105,123	-
State Grant Fund		6,988
Special Projects	-	24,680
Victim's Advocate Fund	-	8,004
Community Redevelopment Tax Fund	18,010	-
Enterprise Funds:		
Water and Sewer Fund	80,474	-
Stormwater Fund	-	80,474
Totals	\$ 243,279	\$ 243,279

### Note 9 – Interfund Balances and Transfers -continued

Transfers occur to reclassify revenues from funds to finance various programs, provide grant matching funds, or to subsidize operations that the City must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 the City made the following transfers:

	Operating Transfers In		Dperating Fransfers Out
General Fund	\$	2,157,896	\$ 284,278
Capital Projects Funds		-	880,000
Community Redevelopment Tax Fund	284,278		-
Enterprise Funds:			
Water and Sewer Utility Fund		-	794,176
Stormwater Fund		-	16,000
Gas Fund		-	193,472
Sanitation Fund	-		274,248
Totals	\$	2,442,174	\$ 2,442,174

### Note 10 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance 10/1/2021 Additions		Deletions/ Transfers			Ending Balance 9/30/2022		
Governmental Activities Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,823,159	\$	38,580	\$	(8,476)	\$	1,853,263
	φ		φ	45,186	φ	( )	φ	45,186
Construction in Progress		789,255				(789,255)		
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated or Amortized:		2,612,414		83,766		(797,731)		1,898,449
Buildings		4,318,777		17,265		-		4,336,042
Improvements Other Than Buildings		2,231,061		-		-		2,231,061
Machinery and Equipment		4,547,945		617,939		(684,518)		4,481,366
Right-To-Use Assets under lease		-		33,334		-		33,334
Infrastructure		8,544,688		284,311		789,255		9,618,254
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated or Amortized		19,642,471		952,849		104,737		20,700,057
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization:								
Buildings		(1,743,361)		(119,892)		-		(1,863,253)
Improvements Other Than Buildings		(1,280,567)		(90,096)		-		(1,370,663)
Machinery and Equipment		(3,425,962)		(226,302)		667,117		(2,985,147)
Right-To-Use Assets under lease		-		(3,215)		-		(3,215)
Infrastructure		(2,393,815)		(350,606)		-		(2,744,421)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		(8,843,705)		(790,111)		667,117		(8,966,699)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated or Amortized, Net		10,798,766		162,738		771,854		11,733,358
Governmental Activities Capital								
Assets Net	\$	13,411,180	\$	246,504	\$	(25,877)	\$	13,631,807

# CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA

# Notes to the financial statements

September 30, 2022

### Note 10 - Capital Assets - continued

·	Beginning Balance 10/1/2021	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	 Ending Balance 9/30/2022
Business-type Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,602,184	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,602,184
Construction in Progress	 -	 343,127		 343,127
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,602,184	343,127	-	1,945,311
Capital Assets Being Depreciated or Amortized:				
Buildings	1,193,402	5,963	-	1,199,365
Wastewater Treatment Plant	24,235,343	-	-	24,235,343
Improvement Other than Buildings	46,013,680	45,556	-	46,059,236
Machinery and Equipment	2,161,673	146,328	(298,703)	2,009,298
Right-To-Use Assets under lease	 -	 1,814		 1,814
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated or Amortized	73,604,098	199,661	(298,703)	73,505,056
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization:				
Buildings	(363,044)	(21,151)	-	(384,195)
Wastewater Treatment Plant	(6,185,236)	(490,651)	-	(6,675,887)
Improvement Other than Buildings	(14,802,179)	(1,007,150)	-	(15,809,329)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,351,055)	(128,457)	298,703	(1,180,809)
Right-To-Use Assets under lease	 -	 (194)		 (194)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	 (22,701,514)	(1,647,603)	298,703	 (24,050,414)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated or Amortized, Net	 50,902,584	(1,447,942)	-	49,454,642
Total Business-type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 52,504,768	\$ (1,104,815)		\$ 51,399,953

Depreciation and Amortization expense was charged to function/program of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	103,602
Physical Environment	161,462
Public Safety	164,418
Transportation	360,629
Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense -	
Governmental Activities	790,111
Business-type Activities	
Water Utility	1,471,590
Storm Utility	71,957
Gas Utility	48,620
Sanitation	55,436
Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense -	
Business-type Activities	1,647,603

### Note 11 – Long-term Debt

Since fiscal year 2004, the City has sought and been awarded funding from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection State Revolving Loan program to finance the planning and designing of a new Wastewater Treatment Plant, Phase I and Phase II, Stormwater Improvements, Sanitary Sewer Rehabilitation, and Drinking Water Wellfield Improvements. The following is a summary of those activities and related pledged revenues. All borrowings have a term of 20 years and payments are made semiannually:

Associated with the Wastewater Treatment Plant (Project 66206P), established 6/28/04, the City borrowed \$879,120 at 1.88% annually, beginning 5/15/08. Terms of this borrowing require semi-annual payments of \$27,821 due on March 15<sup>th</sup> and September 15<sup>th</sup> through September 15<sup>th</sup> 2026. The City's sewer revenue serves as collateral for this borrowing.

The City also borrowed \$10,458,418 for the Wastewater Treatment Plant (Project 662080), dated May 20<sup>th</sup>, 2006. These funds were borrowed at 2.30% annually. Terms of this borrowing require semi-annual payments, starting July 8, 2008, of \$326,344 due on July 15<sup>th</sup> and January 15<sup>th</sup> through January 15<sup>th</sup> 2027. Associated with this borrowing, the State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection has provided a grant (FDEP Grant WW662080) funding \$7,871,237 of this borrowing. This state grant provides \$227,510 of each installment of \$326,344. As a result, the City's "net" semi-annual portion of this serial debt payment is \$98,833. The City's sewer revenue serves as collateral for this borrowing. In January of 2016, the State paid out their Grant in full in the amount of \$5,100,331, reducing interest costs to them and the City. The semi-annual loan payments beginning January 2015 are \$97,831.

With respect to Stormwater Projects (Project 66207P), the City borrowed \$116,682 at 1.81% annually. Terms of this borrowing require semi-annual payments of \$3,729 due on March 30<sup>th</sup> and September 30<sup>th</sup> through March 30, 2028, beginning February 27, 2006. The City's stormwater revenue serves as collateral for this borrowing.

The City also borrowed \$584,944 at 2.30% annually for Stormwater Projects (Project 662070). Terms of this borrowing require semi-annual payments of \$17,110 due on October 15<sup>th</sup> and April 15<sup>th</sup> beginning on October 15, 2010. This debt agreement matures on April 15, 2029. The City's stormwater revenue serves as collateral for this borrowing.

Associated with the Wastewater Treatment Plant Phase II (Project 662110), the City borrowed \$238,653 at 1.87% annually. Terms of this borrowing require semi-annual payments of \$7,654 due on January 15<sup>th</sup> and July 15<sup>th</sup> beginning on January 15, 2011. This debt arrangement matures on July 15, 2030. The City's sewer revenue received from the Suwannee Correctional Institution serves as collateral for this borrowing.

The City also borrowed \$13,157,760 for the Wastewater Treatment Plant Phase II (Project 662111), dated March 27, 2009. Terms of this borrowing at 2.30%. The loan was re-amortized for an additional 10 years on April 20, 2021. It requires semi-annual payments of \$219,374.52 due on January 15<sup>th</sup> and July 15<sup>th</sup> through July 15, 2040. The City's sewer revenue received from the Suwannee Correctional Institution serves as collateral for this borrowing.

With respect to Sanitary Sewer Rehabilitation Projects (Project 610200), dated July 10, 2009, the City borrowed \$1,404,787 at 1.98% annually. Terms of this borrowing require semi-annual payments of \$43,118 due on January 15<sup>th</sup> and July 15<sup>th</sup> beginning on January 15, 2011. This debt arrangement matures on July 15, 2030. The City's water revenue received from the Suwannee Correctional Institution serves as collateral for this borrowing.

The City further borrowed \$1,967,567, dated January 20, 2011, for Phase II of the Sanitary Sewer Rehabilitation Projects (Project 610220) at 1.87% annually. Terms of this borrowing require semi-annual payments of \$61,266 due on September 15<sup>th</sup> and March 15<sup>th</sup> beginning on September 15, 2012. This debt arrangement matures on July 15, 2030. The City's water revenue received from the Suwannee Correctional Institution serves as collateral for this borrowing.

### Note 11 – Long-term Debt- continued

The City also borrowed \$148,759, dated January 11, 2011, for Sanitary Sewer Rehabilitation Projects (Project 610201). Terms of this borrowing, at 1.98% annually, require semi-annual payments of \$4,694 due on January 15<sup>th</sup> and July 15<sup>th</sup> beginning on January 15, 2011. This debt arrangement matures on July 15, 2030. The City's water revenue received from the Suwannee Correctional Institution serves as collateral for this borrowing.

Associated with Phase I of the sanitary sewer rehabilitation projects, the United States Department of Environmental Protection has awarded the City \$4,641,034 of American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 ("ARRA") principal forgiveness. Phase II of the sanitary sewer rehabilitation projects, the United States Department of Environmental Protection has awarded the City \$6,444,433 of American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) principal forgiveness, all of which had been expended prior to September 30, 2011.

The City also borrowed \$450,000 for Drinking Water Wellfields (Project 610210), dated 12/4/09. Terms of this borrowing include an annual interest rate of 2.71% and semi-annual payments of \$14,865, beginning February 15, 2011. This debt arrangement matures on August 15, 2030. The City's water revenue received from the Suwannee Correctional Institution serves as collateral for this borrowing.

Associated with these Water Wellfields, the United States Department of Environmental Protection had awarded the City \$2,550,000 of ARRA principal forgiveness (DW610210) during the year ended September 30, 2012. In addition, the City had received further ARRA funding in the amount of \$450,000 (DW610211). It has also awarded the City \$1,413,538 of ARRA (principal forgiveness).

With respect to Drinking Water Wellfields (Project 610211), dated September 30, 2010, the City also borrowed \$455,608 at 2.61% annually. Terms of this borrowing include semi-annual payments of \$13,360 due on February 15<sup>th</sup> and August 15<sup>th</sup> beginning on August 15, 2011. This debt arrangement matures on February 15, 2031. The City's water revenue received from the Suwannee Correctional Institution serves as collateral for this borrowing.

### Pledged Revenue

Pledged revenues on the City's outstanding debt for the year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Description of Notes	Pledged Revenue	Net Revenue Received	Principal and Interest Paid	Estimated Percentage Pledged	Outstanding Principal and Interest	Pledged Through
Projects 662110, 662111, 610200 610220, 610201, 610210, 610211, 66206P, 662080		2,579,705	1,005,095	38.96%	11,786,139	2040
Projects 66207P and 662070	Net Stormwater Revenues	69,208	41,679	60.22%	333,423	2030

### Note 11 – Long-term Debt – continued

## Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	-	Balances 10/1/21	Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Reductions		Balances 9/30/22		 e Within ne Year
Governmental activities:																							
Compensated absences	\$	202,989	\$	-	\$	(30,879)	\$	172,110	\$ 88,534														
OPEB liability		405,040		-		(90,374)		314,666	-														
Copiers Lease		33,333		-		(8,906)		24,427	10,424														
Net Pension Liability -																							
Florida Retirement		1,871,940		2,791,469		-		4,663,409	-														
Firefighters Plan		69,099		361,730		-		430,829	-														
Governmental activity									 														
Long-term liabilities	\$	2,582,401	\$	3,153,199	\$	(130,159)	\$	5,605,441	\$ 98,958														
Business-type activities:																							
Notes payable - DEP*		11,340,319		-		(826,137)		10,514,182	816,930														
Copiers Lease		-		2,008		(57)		1,951	386														
OPEB liability		25,561		-		(5,476)		20,085	-														
Compensated absences		-		282		-		282	282														
Net Pension Liability FRS		53,330		81,299		-		134,629	 -														
Business-type activity																							
Long-term liabilities	\$	11,419,210	\$	83,589	\$	(831,670)	\$	10,671,129	\$ 817,598														

\*These obligations are considered to be Direct Borrowings under GASB 88

# Long-term debt – future requirements

Debt service requirements for all notes payable as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Business-type			
	Note Payal Principal	Interest		
	pui			
2023	816,930	204,646		
2024	833,168	188,476		
2025	849,671	171,973		
2026	866,506	155,138		
2027	883,678	137,966		
2028-2032	3,057,386	469,044		
2033-2037	1,959,970	233,755		
2038-2040	1,246,873	873 44,382		
	\$ 10,514,182	\$ 1,605,380		

### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans

### A. Substitute Firefighter Pension Trust Fund – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

### Plan Description

### Plan Administration

The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The general administration and responsibility for the proper operation of the Plan and for making effective the provisions of Ordinance 1274 are hereby vested in a Board of Trustees consisting of five (5) persons as follows:

- 1. Two (2) residents of the City, recommended by the Mayor and appointed by the City Council;
- 2. Two (2) active or retired Firefighters/plan members elected by a majority of the active and retired Firefighters who are members of this Plan; and
- 3. A fifth Trustee to be selected by the other four Trustees and appointed as a ministerial act by the City Council. Active members of this Plan shall include any Firefighter who was an active Member of the Predecessor Plan on the date the Predecessor Plan was terminated, including all Members receiving benefits on that termination date.

### Plan Membership as of October 1, 2020:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	7
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	0
Active Plan Members	0
	7

### Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

A summary of the benefit provisions can be found in the October 1, 2020 Actuarial Valuation Report for the City of Live Oak Firefighters' Substitute Pension Trust Fund prepared by Foster & Foster Actuaries and Consultants.

### *Contributions*

Member Contributions: 3.0% of Compensation.

City Contributions: Amount required after member contributions in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost over a period not to exceed 30 years.

### Investments

### Investment Policy:

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2022:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic Equity	55.00%
International Equity	10.00%
Fixed Income	35.00%
Total	100%

### Concentrations:

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position.

### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans - continued

### A. Substitute Firefighter Pension Trust Fund – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

### Rate of Return:

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return of Pension Plan investments, net of Pension Plan investment expense, was -16.58 percent.

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The components of the Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor on September 30, 2022 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$	1,827,641
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(1,396,812)
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability	\$	430,829
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability	-	76.43%

#### Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1 2020, updated to September 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	N/A
Discount Rate	6.75%
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree:

Female: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.
Male: PusS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year. *Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives:*Female: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees.
Male: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for healthy Retirees, set back one year.

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.

The previously described mortality assumption rates were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees.

Since this is a retiree-only plan, the assumptions for withdrawal, retirement, disability, payroll growth, and salary increases are not applicable. Accordingly, no formal actuarial experience study has been performed for these assumptions.

The Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension Plan investments can be determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Pension Plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans - continued

#### A. Substitute Firefighter Pension Trust Fund – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

For 2022 the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.30%

These ranges are combined to produce the Long Term Expected Rate of Return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Pension Plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	55.00%	5.84%
International Equity	10.00%	4.64%
Fixed Income	35.00%	1.31%
Total	100%	_

<sup>1</sup> Source: Morgan Stanley. Secular annualized return and volatility estimates are based on a 20-year-plus time horizon. Please note that long term expected return of the total portfolio is greater than simply multiplying each of the above "Long Term Expected Real Rate of Returns" by their target allocation % and adding them together. Not only is the time horizon longer for an actuarial valuation relative to the time horizon over which the above projected returns were generated, but also there is an additional correlation resulting from a diversified portfolio that will provide additional returns.

#### Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the Discount Rate assumed that Plan Member contributions will be made at the current contributions rate and that Sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the Member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability	\$640,415	\$430,829	\$345,940

### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans - continued

### A. Substitute Firefighter Pension Trust Fund – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	То	tal Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net		N	Net Pension
		Liability	Position			Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	1,879,723	\$	1,810,624	\$	69,099
Interest		124,424				12,424
Contributions - Employer		-		60,869		(60,869)
Net Investment Income		-		(290,189)		290,189
Benefit Payments, Including		(176,506)		(176,506)		\$ -
Administrative Expense		-		(7,986)		7,986
Net Changes		(52,082)		(413,812)		361,730
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	1,827,641	\$	1,396,812	\$	430,829

### Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/2021, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees. In addition, the investment rate of return assumption was lowered from 7.50% to 6.75%, gross of investment related expenses.

### B. Florida Retirement System

*Plan Description*- The FRS Pension Plan was created in Chapter 121 Florida Statues, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. All regular employees are eligible. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the FRS Pension Plan.

The general classes of member ship applicable to the City are as follows:

- *Regular Class-* Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected Officer Class* Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class- Members in senior management level position.
- *Special Risk Class-* Members who are employed in special risk careers, such as law enforcement or fire rescue, and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

*Plan Administration*- The FRS Pension Plan is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature

### Note 12 – Employees' Pension Plans – continued

### B. Florida Retirement System

*Plan Benefits-* Provisions relating to the FRS Pension Plan are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statues; Chapter 112 Part IV, Florida Statues: Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Employees enrolled in the FRS Pension Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Pension plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Pension Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement service. The FRS Pension Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Pension Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a 5% benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date.

DROP is available under the FRS Pension Plan when the member first reaches eligibility for normal retirement. DROP allows a member to retire while continuing employment for up to 60 months, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. While in the DROP, the member's retirement benefits accumulate in the FRS Pension Plan trust fund (increased by a cost-of-living adjustment each July). DROP participants starting the program prior to July 1, 2011, earn monthly interest equivalent to an annual rate of 6.5%. Participants starting the program on or after July 1, 2011, earn an effective annual rate of 1.3%. When the DROP period ends, the DROP account is paid out as a lump-sum payment, a rollover, or a combination, and monthly benefits are subsequently paid to the member in the amount as calculated upon entry into DROP, plus cost-of-living adjustments for intervening years. In most cases, the DROP participant must cease employment when the DROP period ends.

Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned (from 1.60% - 3.00%). Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member initially enrolled in the FRS Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment, based on the ratio of service credit accrued pre-July 2011. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans - continued

### B. Florida Retirement System- continued

*Contributions-* The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employees and employees. Contribution rates for FRS during the City's 2021-22 fiscal year were as follows:

	Year Beginning July 1, 2022 Percent of Gross Salary		Year Beginning July 1, 2021 Percent of Gross Salary	
Class	Employee	Employer (1)	Employee	Employer (1)
Regular	3.00	10.19	3.00	9.10
Elected Officers	3.00	55.25	3.00	49.70
Senior Management Serivce	3.00	29.85	3.00	27.29
Special Risk Regular	3.00	26.11	3.00	24.17
DROP	0.00	16.94	0.00	16.68

<sup>(1)</sup> These rates include the normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability contributions but do not include the contribution for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy and the fee of 0.06% for administration of the FRS Investment Plan and provision of educational tools for both plans.

The City contributions, employer, to the FRS Pension Plan totaled \$457,570 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

### Net Pension Liability

At September 30, 2022, the City reported the following net pension liability:

	FRS Pension Plan
City's Proportion	0.010744895%
City's Proportionate Share of	
Net Pension Liability	\$3,997,964

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions during the FRS Pension Plan's fiscal year relative to the contributions of all participating members in the same fiscal year. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion decreased by .00158077% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70%. The FRS Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans - continued

### B. Florida Retirement System- continued

### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation, was determined using the individual entry age cost method and the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	FRS Pension Plan
Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.25%
Investment Rate of Return,	
Including Inflation	6.70%
Mortality Table	Generational PUB-2010
	Individual
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age

### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

### Long-term Expected Rate of Return (Concluded)

	Annual	Annual		
Asset	Target	Arithmetic	Geometric	Standard
Class	Allocation (1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed Income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global Equity	54.2%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real Estate	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private Equity	11.1%	12.0.%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic Investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
Total	100%			
Assumed I	nflation – Mean	2.4%		1.3%

(1) As Outlined in the FRS Pension Plan's Investment Policy.

### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans - continued

### B. Florida Retirement System- continued

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the current discount rate of 6.70%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.70%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.70%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1%	Discount	1%		
	Decrease	Rate	Increase		
	5.70%	6.70%	7.70%		
City's Proportionate Share					
of the Net Pension Liability - FRS	6,914,205	3,997,964	1,559,641		

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1 2013, through June 30, 2018.

### HIS Pension Plan

*Plan Description*- The HIS Pension Plan was established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, to provide a monthly payment to assist retirees of state administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs.

*Plan Administration*- The HIS Pension Plan is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The HIS Pension Plan may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time.

*Plan Benefits-* For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, retirees under a state administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage to be eligible to receive benefits.

*Contributions*- The HIS Pension Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. Contribution rates remained at 1.66% through the City's fiscal year. The rate has been 1.66% since October 1, 2015. The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years.

HIS Pension Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Pension Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The City's contributions to the HIS Pension Plan totaled \$45,574 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

#### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans - continued

#### HIS Pension Plan- continued

#### Net Pension Liability

At September 30, 2022, the City reported the following net pension liability:

	<b>HIS Pension Plan</b>
City's Proportion	0.0075538520%
City's Proportionate Share of	
Net Pension Liability	\$800,074

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions during the HIS Pension Plan's fiscal year relative to the contributions of all participating members in the same fiscal year. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion decreased by .0005512% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.54% for the HIS Pension Plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Pension Plan sponsor.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1 2020 actuarial valuation, was determined using the individual entry age cost method and the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	HIS Pension Plan
Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.25%
Mortality Table	Generational PUB-2010
	Individual
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1 2013, through June 30, 2018.

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the current discount rate of 3.54%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1%	Discount	1%	
	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
	2.54%	3.54%	4.54%	
City's Proportionate Share				
of the Net Pension Liability - HIS	915,350	800,074	704,685	

### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans - continued

### **FRS Investment Plan**

*Plan Description*- As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the defined contribution plan, the Investment Plan, in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. City employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan.

*Plan Administration*- The Investment Plan is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

*Plan Benefits*- Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual members' accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five-years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance.

Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the City.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans - continued

### Additional Disclosures- Defined Benefit Plans

*Contributions*- The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected Officers, etc.) as the FRS Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment members' accounts (employee and employer) during the Investment Plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Percent of Gross
Class	Compensation
Regular	9.30
Elected Officers	16.23
Senior Management Serivce	10.67
Special Risk Regular	17.00

The City's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$128,063 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

	Firefighter's			
	Plan	FRS	HIS	Total
Net Pension Liability	430,829	3,997,964	800,074	5,228,867

### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

	Firefighter's			
	Plan	FRS	HIS	Total
Employer Contributions				
After Measurement Date	-	113,090	10,717	123,807
Difference Between Expected	-			
and Actual Experience	-	189,880	24,284	214,164
Changes in Assumptions	-	492,366	45,861	538,227
Net Difference Between				
Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Investments	354,312	263,985	1,158	619,455
Changes in Proportion and				
Differences Between City				
Contributions and				
Proportionate Share of				
Contributions	-	72,615	89,981	162,596
Total Deferred Outflows				
of Resources	354,312	1,131,936	172,001	1,658,249

### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans - continued

### Additional Disclosures-- Defined Benefit Plans

### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	<b>Firefighter's</b>			
	Plan	FRS	HIS	Total
Difference Between Expected				
and Actual Experience	-	-	3,520	3,520
Changes in Assumptions	-	-	123,771	123,771
Net Difference Between				
Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Investments	129,633	-	-	129,633
Changes in Proportion and				
Differences Between City				
Contributions and				
Proportionate Share of				
Contributions	-	579,981	84,146	664,127
Total Deferred Inflows				
of Resources	129,633	579,981	211,437	921,051

The deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	Firefighter's Plan	FRS	HIS
Ending	Amount	Amount	Amount
2023	60,372	116,432	(11,183)
2024	44,224	(31,669)	(1,427)
2025	38,436	(211,044)	1,694
2026	81,647	568,630	(6,107)
2027	-	(3,484)	(21,464)
Thereafter			(11,666)
Total	224,679	438,865	(50,153)

### Note 12 - Employees' Pension Plans - continued

### Additional Disclosures-- Defined Benefit Plans

### Pension Expense

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense from the defined benefit pension plans as follows:

Firefighter's Plan	66,111
FRS	446,160
HIS	37,339
Total	549,610

### Payables to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2022, the City did not report any payables to the pension plans for the outstanding amount of contributions.

### C. Deferred Employee Benefits:

The City provides its employees with two deferred compensation plans, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b). The assets of these plans are administered by The Legend Group and Pebsco-Nationwide Retirement Solutions. The plans have been amended to include provisions changed by the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001. Annual employee contributions of \$1089 for fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are optional and determined by the participant as a percentage of compensation. Such contributions may not exceed the lesser of \$16,500 or 100% of gross annual compensation per employee under current federal income taxation regulations. Deferred compensation withheld from a participating employee's pay is not taxable as current income until withdrawn from the plan. All assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The City made no contributions on its behalf during the year ending September 30, 2022.

### Note 13 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

### **Plan Description**

The City of Live Oak's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under the applicable retirement plan to continue medical insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan. For purposes of applying Paragraph 4 under Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the Plan does not meet the requirements for an OPEB plan administered through a trust.

At October 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	0
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	0
Active Plan Members	77
	77

### Note 13 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)- continued

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms-

#### **Benefits** Provided

A retired employee and his or her spouse are eligible to continue health insurance identical to active employees if they meet the eligibility for retirements under the applicable Plan. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for health coverage and that of any covered spouse or eligible dependents. Upon reaching age 65, Medicare is assumed to become primary.

### TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The measurement date is September 30, 2022. The measurement period for the OPEB expense was October 1, 2021 to September 30, 2022. The reporting period is October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022.

The City's Total OPEB Liability was measured as of September 30, 2022.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020, updated to September 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Discount Rate	4.77%
Initial Trend Rate	7.00%
Ultimate Trend Rate	4.00%
Years to Ultimate	54

For all lives, mortality rates were PubG-2010 Mortality Tables projected to the valuation date using Projection Scale MP-2019.

#### **Discount Rate**

Given the City's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 4.77%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices. The S&P Municipal 20 Year High Grade Rate Index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with maturity of 20 years. Eligible bonds must be rated at least AA by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, Aa2 by Moody's or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating is used.

### **OPEB** Expense

Under GASB 75 as it applies to plans that qualify for the Alternative Measurement Method, changes in the Total OPEB Liability are not permitted to be included in deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. These changes will be immediately recognized through OPEB expense.

# CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA

# Notes to the financial statements

September 30, 2022

### Note 13 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - continued

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City will recognize OPEB Expense/(Revenue) of \$(85,499).

### CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

	Increases and Decreases in Total OPEB Liability			
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2021	\$	430,601		
Changes for a Year:	Φ	450,001		
Service Cost		32,640		
Interest		11,162		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	-			
Changes of Assumptions		(131,801)		
Benefit Payments		(7,851)		
Net Changes		(95,850)		
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2022	\$	334,751		

Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience represents the impact of changes in the census data during the 12month period between the prior full actuarial valuation and the current valuation.

### Notes to Schedule:

### Changes of assumptions:

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.43% for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021 to 4.77% for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2021:	2.43%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2020:	2.14%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019:	3.58%

Also reflected as assumption changes are updated mortality rates, updated health care costs and premiums, and updated health care cost trend rates.

### Benefit Payments:

The plan sponsor did not provide actual net benefits paid by the Plan for the fiscal year ending on September 30, 2022. Expected new benefit payments produced by the valuation model for the same period are shown in the table above.

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	Dis	Discount Rate		6 Increase
		3.77%		4.77%		5.77%
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	384,052	\$	\$ 334,751		293,606

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

### Note 13 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – continued

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease		Trend Rates		1%	6 Increase
	3.0	8.00 - 6.00% 4.00		4.00% - 7.00%		0 - 8.00%
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 284,534		\$	334,751	\$	396,683

### Note 14 – Leases

The City Leases Copiers and a Postage Machine. The lease's have various terms. The lease is not renewable and the City will not acquire the equipment at the end of the agreement period.

### **Governmental Activities:**

		Payment	Payment	Interest	Total Lease	В	alance
Description	Date	Terms	Amount	Rate	Liability	9/3	30/2022
Admin - Copier	8/1/2020	4 years	\$ 2,801	15.51%	\$ 11,205	\$	6,385
Finance - Copier	12/12/2019	4 years	2,601	15.52%	10,405		2,761
Annex - Copier	8/23/2021	4 years	2,849	15.53%	11,398		6,498
Police - Copier	1/16/2020	4 years	2,585	15.53%	10,339		2,919
Fire - Copier	4/7/2021	4 years	1,112	15.53%	4,448		2,354
Admin - Postage Machine	7/20/2020	5 years	1,636	18.39%	5,324		3,510
Total						\$	24,427

### **Business-type activities:**

		Payment	Payment	Interest	Tot	al Lease	Ba	alance
Description	Date	Terms	Amount	Rate	_Li	ability	9/3	0/2022
Public Works -Water - Copier	10/1/2021	4 years	1,950	18.39%	\$	2,851	\$	1,951
Annual requirements to amortize l	ong-term oblig	gations and rel	ated interest an	re as follows:				

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are a follows:

**Governmental Activities:** 

	Year		Pri	Principal		erest
		2023		10,424		3,162
		2024		7,538		1,475
		2025		6,465		232
			\$	24,427	\$	4,869
					-	
Business-type activities:	Year		Pfil	ncipal	Inte	erest
Business-type activities:	Year	2022	<u>Prii</u> \$	57	\$	61
Business-type activities:	rear	2022 2023		1	-	
Business-type activities:	rear			57	-	61
Business-type activities:	rear	2023		57 386	-	61 327
Business-type activities:		2023 2024		57 386 463	-	61 327 250

### Note 15 – Legal Matters

The City is engaged in routine litigation incidental to the conduct of its business and municipal affairs. In the opinion of its Counsel, no legal proceedings are pending against them, not covered by insurance, which would inhibit the City's ability to perform its operations or materially affect its financial condition.

### Note 16 – Commitments and Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds(s).

### Note 17 – Risk Management

The City of Live Oak is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters, all of which is satisfactorily insured by general liability insurance. Commercial insurance policies are also obtained for all other risks of loss, including worker's compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

### Note 18 – Fund Balance Classifications

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

**Non-Spendable** - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.

### **Spendable Fund Balance**

- **Restricted** includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Committed** includes fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., ordinance or resolution) of the organization's governing authority (the City Council). These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action employed to constrain those amounts.
- Assigned –This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less-than-formal action of the organization's governing authority, or by an individual or body to whom the governing authority has delegated this responsibility. In addition, residual balances in capital projects and debt service funds are considered assigned for the general purpose of the respective fund.
- Unassigned includes residual fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The City designates restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

### Note 18 – Economic Dependency

The City has entered into an agreement with Florida Department of Corrections for providing water and wastewater services to the Suwannee Correctional Institution. The agreement has a term of twenty (20) years, with revenue of \$13,366,440 over the term of the first ten (10) years. That contract expired January of 2021 and reverted to the original contract for several months. A new contract was negotiated with Department of Corrections for a monthly water and sewer rate of \$92,113.50, providing an annual revenue of \$1,105,362 through January of 2028. During the year ended September 30, 2022 total water and sewer fund operating revenue was \$5,611,925. Of this amount, \$1,105,362 or 19% was paid by the State of Florida Department of Corrections associated with the Suwannee Correctional Institution.

During the year-ended September 30, 2022 total gas revenue was \$1,105,362. Pilgrim's Pride remitted \$448,208. which represents 37% of the total revenue.

### Note 19 – Subsequent Events

### Subsequent Event

The following events have been completed or have made substantial progress subsequent to September 30, 2022.

The FDOT Transportation Alternative Project rehabilitation of Stormwater Drainage wells 41 and 42 located near Hillman Avenue west of Ohio/Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Drive was completed early in 2023.

Repaying of Palm Avenue, which was funded jointly with CRA and Infrastructure funds, was completed in December of 2022. The project was a coordinated effort with Suwannee County, who provided their labor force for road bed preparation.

The Maple Street Water Improvement project was completed in December of 2022. The Water line improvement project replaced old water lines with new larger capacity lines. This project was funded by a Federal grant through the SRWMD.

The City's residential AMR Water meter replacement project is ongoing at this time. This project will replace approximately 2,500 manual read mechanical water meters with auto-read meters. Many of the meters being replaced are over 15 years old. This project's Water meter replacement is being funded with Federal ARPA grant dollars. The 700 residential gas meter retrofits will be funded with Infrastructure funds.

Design and Planning began for a Septic to Sewer to Reuse project, which will be funded by State of Florida DEP/Covid Relief through SRWMD. Sewer services will be available to residents in the area of Evelyn Avenue and Second Steet, and also Duval Street and 105<sup>th</sup> Street. This project is not anticipated to be complete until sometime in 2024.

The City Council awarded a contract in March for the reroofing of City Hall. The current roof is original to the building constructed in 1977. Construction is slated to begin the beginning of May 2023.

Engineering design has begun for Haines, Irvin, and Houston Stormwater drainage well rehabilitation projects. These projects are funded through SRWMD river grant programs.



# **Required Supplemental Information**

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amo	unts			Var	Variance with	
	 Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes:								
General Property Taxes:								
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 2,045,499	\$	2,045,499	\$	2,156,708	\$	111,209	
In lieu of Ad Valorem Property Taxes	209,160		209,160		215,258		6,098	
Utility Tax	671,500		671,500		694,399		22,899	
Fire Fee	380,000		380,000		382,394		2,394	
Franchise Fees:								
Power and Light	480,750		480,750		531,790		51,040	
Telecommunications	285,582		285,582		287,245		1,663	
Total Taxes	 4,072,491		4,072,491		4,267,794		195,303	
Licenses and Permits:								
Business Tax Receipts	106,000		106,000		106,025		25	
Building Permits	80,000		80,000		124,386		44,386	
Other	15,000		15,000		20,850		5,850	
Total Licenses and Permits	 201,000		201,000		251,261		50,261	
Intergovernmental Revenues:			. )		- ) -		) -	
State Shared Revenues:								
Municipal Revenue Sharing	235,000		235,000		314,925		79,925	
Motor Fuel Tax	72,000		72,000		94,441		22,441	
Mobile Home Licenses	2,600		2,600		2,657		57	
Beverage Tax	3,000		3,000		8,094		5,094	
Sales Tax	364,416		364,416		442,682		78,266	
Firefighter Supliment	3,960		3,960		3,960			
Fuel Tax Refund	7,600		7,600		7,697		97	
DOT SCOPE Grant	511,000		511,000		216,093		(294,907)	
Local Source:	511,000		211,000		210,095		(2) (,,) ()	
Housing Authority in Lieu	22,000		22,000		19,259		(2,741)	
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	 1,221,576		1,221,576		1,109,808		(111,768)	
Charges for Services:	 1,221,370		1,221,370		1,109,000		(111,700)	
Pound Fees	1,000		1,000		2,700		1,700	
Traffic Assistance	115,000		115,000		115,421		421	
Right-of-way Maintenance - D.O.T.	60,000		60,000		60,500		500	
Zoning Fees	9,000		9,000		15,720		6,720	
Miscellaneous	6,750		6,750		13,435		6,685	
Total Charges for Services	 191,750		191,750		207,776		16,026	
e	 ,				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Fines and Forfeitures	15,100		15,100		12,926		(2,174)	
Miscellaneous Revenues:	0.000							
Interest	8,000		8,000		10,726		2,726	
Tower Rental	55,000		55,000		57,043		2,043	
Cemetery Lots	28,000		28,000		41,850		13,850	
Sales of fixed assets	-		-		89,365		89,365	
Other	 6,000		6,000		31,653		25,653	
Total Miscellaneous Revenues	 97,000		97,000		230,637		133,637	
Total Revenues	\$ 5,798,917	\$	5,798,917	\$	6,080,202	\$	281,285	

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA BUDGET COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Expenditures:					
General Government:					
Legislative:					
Personnel Services	\$ 195,992	\$ 195,992	\$ 173,697	\$ 22,295	
Operating Expenses	33,090	33,090	36,256	(3,166)	
Capital Outlay	11,000	11,000	10,121	879	
	240,082	240,082	220,074	20,008	
Financial and Administrative:					
Personnel Services	1,121,755	1,121,755	997,729	124,026	
Operating Expenses	587,673	553,373	481,693	71,680	
Capital Outlay	76,000	76,000	4,291	71,709	
Debt Expense	-		8,462	(8,462)	
	1,785,428	1,751,128	1,492,175	258,953	
Total General Government	2,025,510	1,991,210	1,712,249	278,961	
Public Safety:					
Law Enforcement:					
Personnel Services	1,436,383	1,436,383	1,252,722	183,661	
Operating Expenses	235,970	235,970	204,436	31,534	
Capital Outlay	271,000	271,000	240,234	30,766	
Debt Expense			2,585	(2,585)	
	1,943,353	1,943,353	1,699,977	243,376	
Fire Protection:					
Personnel Services	1,192,123	1,192,123	991,811	200,312	
Operating Expenses	141,610	141,610	111,869	29,741	
Capital Outlay	22,500	22,500	8,405	14,095	
Debt Expense			1,112	(1,112)	
	1,356,233	1,356,233	1,113,197	243,036	
Inspection and Code Enforcement:					
Personnel Services	230,354	230,354	121,991	108,363	
Operating Expenses	46,720	46,720	60,703	(13,983)	
Capital Outlay Debt Expense	128,000	128,000	25,766 1,426	102,234 (1,426)	
Deut Expense	405,074	405,074	209,886	195,188	
Animal Control				,	
Animal Control: Personnel Services	50 066	52,266	40,966	11 200	
Operating Expenses	52,266	22,385	40,966	11,300 4,732	
Operating Expenses	22,385				
	74,651	74,651	58,619	16,032	
Total Public Safety	3,779,311	3,779,311	3,081,679	697,632	

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (Concluded)

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Expenditures (Concluded)				
Transportation:				
Road and Street Facilities:	ф <u>27517</u>	ф <u>2(7517</u>	¢ 270.004	ф (11 477)
Personnel Services	\$ 367,517 730,090	\$ 367,517 720,000	\$ 378,994	\$ (11,477)
Operating Expenses Capital Outlay	1,922,000	730,090 2,123,000	551,333 437,082	178,757 1,685,918
Capital Outlay				
Economic Development	3,019,607	3,220,607	1,367,409	1,853,198
Operating Expenses	10,000	10,000	4,660	5,340
	10,000	10,000	4,660	5,340
Culture and Recreation				
Operating Expenses	226,554	226,554	226,554	-
	226,554	226,554	226,554	-
Physical Environment:				
Personnel Services	140,788	140,788	125,714	15,074
Operating Expenses	21,212	21,212	10,391	10,821
Capital Outlay	50,000	65,000	61,741	3,259
	212,000	227,000	197,846	29,154
Human Services:	)			- , -
Operating Expenses	40,250	40,250	40,250	-
	40,250	40,250	40,250	-
Total Expenditures	9,313,232	9,494,932	6,630,647	2,864,285
(Deficiency) Excess Revenues (Under) Over				
Expenditures	(3,514,315)	(3,696,015)	(550,445)	3,145,570
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from:				
Infrastructure Fund	1,819,000	1,819,000	263,000	(1,556,000)
Capital Projects Fund	623,220	824,220	617,000	(207,220)
Water and Sewer Utility Fund	794,176	794,176	794,176	-
Stormwater Fund	22,990	22,999	16,000	(6,999)
Gas Utility Fund	193,472	193,472	193,472	-
Sanitation Fund	274,298	274,248	274,248	-
Cash Carry Forward	52,200	52,200	-	52,200
Transfers to:	<i></i>			
Community Redevelopment Tax Fund	(265,000)	(284,300)	(284,278)	22
Total Financing Sources (Uses)	3,514,356	3,696,015	1,873,618	(1,717,997)
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenue and Other sources (Under) Over				
Expenditures and Other Uses	-	-	1,323,173	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			3,421,021	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,744,194	\$ -
	26.0			

\*Budgetary control is exercised at function level. See page 36 for more information.

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 248,650	\$ 248,650	\$ 276,532	\$ 27,882	
Interest Earned	4,000	4,000	3,224	(776)	
Total Revenues	252,650	252,650	279,756	27,106	
Expenditures					
General Government	185,410	185,410	91,992	93,418	
Recreation	27,000	27,000	-	27,000	
Economic Environment	260,000	260,000	93,890	166,110	
Capital Outlay					
General Government	410,590	410,590	51,603	358,987	
Transportation	375,000	375,000	36,343	338,657	
Recreation	400,000	400,000	1,075	398,925	
Total Expenditures	1,658,000	1,658,000	274,903	1,383,097	
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenue					
( Under) Over Expenditures	(1,405,350)	(1,405,350)	4,853	1,410,203	
Other Financing Resources (Uses)					
Transfers in					
General Fund	265,000	265,000	284,278	19,278	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	265,000	265,000	284,278	19,278	
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues and					
Other Sources (Under) Over Expenditures	(1,140,350)	(1,140,350)	289,131	1,429,481	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			1,125,689	1,125,689	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (1,140,350)	\$ (1,140,350)	\$ 1,414,820	\$ 1,414,820	

CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUBSTITUTE FIREFIGHTER PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RELATIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years								
Total Pension Liability	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015
Interest	124,424	124,432	134,560	136,697	141,363	142,480	135,680	138,318
Differences between Expected vs Actual Experience	·	I	38,923	16,213	-21,441	26,766	27,974	15,106
Changes in Assumptions		I	55,153	ı	ı		115,424	ı
Benefit Payments, Including								
Refunds of Employee Contributions	(176,506)	(176, 284)	(182, 383)	(180, 439)	(183, 822)	(184,462)	(192, 342)	(184, 871)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(52,082)	(51, 852)	46,253	(27, 529)	(63,900)	(15,216)	86,736	(31,447)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	1,879,723	1,931,575	1,885,322	1,912,851	1,976,751	1,991,967	1,905,231	1,936,678
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	1,827,641	\$1,879,723	\$1,931,575	\$1,885,322	\$1,912,851	\$1,976,751	\$1,991,967	\$1,905,231
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - Employer	60,869	60,869	53,782	53,782	57,179	56,011	43,177	27,114
Net Investment Income	(290, 189)	320,993	90,843	45,985	167,912	194,641	108,639	(32, 672)
Benefit Payments, Including								
Refunds of Employee Contributions	(176,506)	(176, 284)	(182, 383)	(180, 439.00)	(183, 822)	(184,462)	(192, 342)	(184, 871)
Administrative Expense	(7,986)	(14, 579)	(7,986)	(13,904.00)	(17,008)	(15, 879)	(1, 837)	ı
Net Change in Plan Fuduciary Net Position	(413,812)	190,999	(45,744)	(94,576)	24,261	50,311	(42, 363)	(190, 429)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	1,810,624	1,619,625	1,665,369	1,759,945	1,735,684	1,685,373	1,727,736	1,918,165
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	1,396,812	\$1,810,624	\$1,619,625	\$1,665,369	\$1,759,945	\$1,735,684	\$1,685,373	\$1,727,736
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	430,829	\$69,099	\$311,950	\$219,953	\$152,906	\$241,067	\$306,594	\$177,495
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	76.43%	96.32%	83.85%	88.33%	92.01%	87.80%	84.61%	90.68%

Notes to Schedule:

Differences between the plan fiduciary net position presented above and the amounts presented in the financial statements are due to certain accruals which are the result of timing differences. These differences are not considered to be significant.

# Changes of assumptions

valuation report for special risk employees. In addition, the investment rate of return assumption was lowered from 7.5% to 6.75%, gross of investment related expenses. For measurement date 09/30/2016, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement For measurement date 9/30/2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS System for special risk employees. The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUBSTITUE FIREFIGHTER PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last	10	Fiscal	Years
------	----	--------	-------

	Det	tuarially termined	in r the A De	tributions elation to Actuarially termined	Di	tributions ficiency	Covered Employee	Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee
Fiscal Year Ended	Con	tribution	Contributions		(]	Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
9/30/2022	\$	60,869	\$	60,869	\$	-	N/A	N/A
9/30/2021	\$	60,869	\$	60,869	\$	-	N/A	N/A
9/30/2020	\$	53,782	\$	53,782	\$	-	N/A	N/A
9/30/2019	\$	53,782	\$	53,782	\$	-	N/A	N/A
9/30/2018	\$	57,179	\$	57,179	\$	-	N/A	N/A
9/30/2017	\$	56,011	\$	56,011	\$	-	N/A	N/A
9/30/2016	\$	43,177	\$	43,177	\$	-	N/A	N/A
9/30/2015	\$	25,887	\$	27,114	\$	(1,227)	N/A	N/A
9/30/2014	\$	25,454	\$	25,454	\$	-	N/A	N/A

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date:

#### 10/1/2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates can be found in October 1, 2020. Actuarial Valuation for the City of Live Oak Firefighters' Substitute Pension Trust Fund prepared by Foster & Foster Actuaries and Consultants

Mortality Rate:	<ul> <li>Healthy Retiree:</li> <li>Since this is a retiree-only plan, the assumptions for withdrawal, retirement, disability, payroll growth, and salary increases are not applicable. Accordingly, no formal actuarial experience study has been performed for these assumptions.</li> <li>Female: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.</li> <li>For 2022 the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.26%.</li> <li>Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.</li> </ul>
Interest Rate:	The previously described mortality assumption rates were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees. 6.75% per year conpounded annually, gross of investment-related expenses. This is supported by the target asset class allocation of the trust and the expected long-term return by asset class.
Payroll Growth: Asset Method: Funding Method:	none Fair Market Value Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method

The above schedule will build to 10 years as information becomes available.

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUBSTITUTE FIREFIGHTER PENSION PLANS SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return
Fiscal Year Ended	Net of Investment Expense
9/30/2022	-16.58%
9/30/2021	20.54%
9/30/2020	5.66%
9/30/2019	2.72%
9/30/2018	9.99%
9/30/2017	12.06%
9/30/2016	6.56%
9/30/2015	-1.76%
9/30/2014	8.29%

The above schedule will build to 10 years as information becomes available.

# FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

	LUL L	FLUKIDA KETIKEVIEN I 3 13 LEVI FENSION FLAN		LAN FLAN				
	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2021 9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015
City's Proportion of the FRS Net Pension Plan	0.010744895%	0.012325665% 0.012973489%	0.012973489%	0.013696881%	0.013002250%	0.012486026%	0.012796910%	0.012608384%
City's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Plan	3,997,964	931,064	5,622,902	4,717,015	3,916,345	3,693,283	3,231,230	1,628,542
City's Covered-Employee Payroll (6/30)	2,753,434	2,870,000	2,483,735	2,536,325	2,378,735	2,284,880	2,267,892	1,835,301
City's Proportionatte Share of the FRS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its								
Covered- Employee Payroll	145.20%	32.44%	226.39%	185.98%	164.64%	161.64%	142.48%	88.73%
FRS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%
Note: the amounts shown above as reported on the date indicated, have a	indicated, have a	measurement da	ite three months	prior. Covered-ei	mployee payroll i	measurement date three months prior. Covered-employee payroll is for the year shown	wn.	
	HEAL	LTH INSURANC	TH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN	NSION PLAN				
	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2021 9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015
City's Proportion of the HIS Net Pension Plan	0.007553852%	0.008105052%	0.007154758%	0.008105052% 0.007154758% 0.007582135% 0.007281423% 0.007166783%	0.007281423%		0.007344800%	0.007969916%

Note: the amounts shown above as reported on the date indicated, have a measurement date three months prior. Covered-employee payroll is for the year shown. 1.64%2.15% 2.63% 3.00% 3.56% 4.81% **Total Pension Liability** 

812,806

856,011

766,305

770,674

848,365

873,584

994,206

800,074

City's Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Plan

City's Covered-Employee Payroll (6/30)

1,835,301

2,267,892

2,284,880

2,378,735

2,536,325

2,483,735

2,870,000

2,753,434

44.29%

37.74%

33.54%

32.40%

33.45%

35.17%

34.64%

29.06%

HIS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the

Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its

Covered-Employee Payroll

City's Proportionatte Share of the HIS

0.99%

0.97%

76

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLANS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015
Contractually Required Contribution	457,570	479,839	435,952	414,561	385,401	323,424	330,190	310,709
FRS Contribution in Relation to the								
Contractually Required Contribution	(457,570)	(479,839)	(435,952)	(414,561)	(385,401)	(323,424)	(330,190)	(310,709)
FRS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	-			-	-		-
City's Covered-Employee Payroll (FYE 9/30)	2,745,422	2,934,523	2,507,952	2,473,718	2,396,262	2,015,895	1,490,336	1,737,938
FRS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	16.67%	16.35%	17.38%	16.76%	16.08%	16.04%	22.16%	17.88%

#### HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN

	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015
Contractually Required Contribution	45,574	48,585	41,632	41,072	39,826	33,464	24,740	21,898
HIS Contribution in Relation to the								
Contractually Required Contribution	(45,574)	(48,585)	(41,632)	(41,072)	(39,826)	(33,464)	(24,740)	(21,898)
HIS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
City's Covered-Employee Payroll (FYE 9/30)	2,745,422	2,934,523	2,507,952	2,473,718	2,396,262	2,015,895	1,490,336	1,737,938
HIS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.26%

Note: The above schedules will build to 10 years as information becomes available

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Reporting Period Ending/					
Measurement Date	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	32,640	31,196	21,799	21,243	22,887
Interest	11,162	8,917	14,760	16,950	15,182
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between Expected and Acutal Experience	-	(44,571)	(49,765)	-	-
Changes of Assumptions	(131,801)	8,706	15,909	35,954	(30,938)
Benefit Payments	(7,851)	(7,311)	(18,443)	(17,800)	(16,368)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(95,850)	(3,063)	(15,740)	56,347	(9,237)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	430,601	433,664	449,404	393,057	402,294
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	334,751	430,601	433,664	449,404	393,057
Covered Employee Payroll (Projected)	\$ 2,862,377	\$2,792,563	\$ 2,351,736	\$ 2,316,469	\$ 2,259,970
Total OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	11.69%	15.42%	18.44%	19.40%	17.39%

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Covered Payroll:

Covered payroll is projected to the measurement date based on actual covered payroll as of the valuation date using applicable salary increase assumptions. The above schedule will build to 10 years as information becomes available.

#### Changes of assumptions

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022:	4.77%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2021:	2.43%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2020:	2.14%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019:	3.58%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2018:	4.18%

## **Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements**

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Local Government Fund	State Grant Fund	Special Project Fund	Victim's Advocate Fund	Public Safety Fund	Total
Assets	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢ 17.600	¢ 17.00
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds/internal balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,608	\$ 17,608 105,122
	105,123	-	- \$ 24.680	-	-	105,123
Due from other governments Total Assets	-	6,988	+ = .,	8,004	- 17 (00	39,672
Total Assets	105,123	6,988	24,680	8,004	17,608	162,403
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current						
liabilities	517	-	-	-	-	517
Due to other funds/internal balance	-	6,988	24,680	8,004	-	39,672
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	8,630	8,630
Total Liabilities	517	6,988	24,680	8,004	8,630	48,819
Fund Balances: Restricted for:						
Law enforcement	4,606	-	-	-	8,978	13,584
Recreation	100,000	-	-	-	-	100,000
Total Fund Balances	104,606			-	8,978	113,584
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 105,123	\$ 6,988	\$ 24,680	\$ 8,004	\$ 17,608	\$ 162,403

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Local Government Fund	State Grant Fund	Special Project Fund	Victim's Advocate Fund	Public Safety Fund	Total
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 6,988	\$ 141,754	\$ 32,005	\$ -	\$ 180,747
Donation-private	9,811	-	-	-	-	9,811
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures					1,304	1,304
<b>Total Revenues</b>	9,811	6,988	141,754	32,005	1,304	191,862
Expenditures: Public Safety Recreation Human Resources Total Expenditures	160,000 80,205 240,205	6,988 	141754	32,005	- -	180,747 160,000 80,205 420,952
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues and Other Sources (Under) Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(230,394)				1,304	(229,090)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	335,000				7,674	342,674
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 104,606	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,978	\$ 113,584

### **Capital Assets**

**Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds** 

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY SOURCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
Governmental Funds Capital Assets:		
Land	1,853,263	1,823,159
Buildings	4,336,042	4,318,777
Improvements other than buildings	2,231,061	2,231,061
Machinery and equipment	4,484,366	4,547,945
Right-To-Use Assets Under Leases	30,334	-
Infrastructure	9,618,254	8,544,688
Construction work in progress	45,186	789,255
Total governmental fund capital assets	22,598,506	22,254,885
Investments in Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Source:		
General Fund	9,080,311	9,047,319
Special Revenue Funds	1,340,843	1,324,065
Capital Projects Fund	76,366	76,366
Federal, State, and County Grants	8,238,269	7,935,141
General Obligation Bonds	359,781	359,781
Grants and other contributed capital	3,502,936	3,512,213
Total investment in governmental funds capital assets	22,598,506	22,254,885

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Improve- ments Other	Machinery	Right-to- Use Assets		Construction	
Function and			Than	and	Under	Infra-	Work in	
Activity	Land	Buildings	Buildings	Equipment	Leases	structure	Progress	Total
General Government:								
Legislative Financial and	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 47,403	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	47,403
Administrative	1,516,444	2,396,224	436,434	540,385	25,412		1,500	4,916,399
	1,516,444	2,396,224	436,434	587,788	25,412		1,500	4,963,802
Public Safety:								
Police protection	40,000	735,451		1,163,687	4,881	-		1,944,019
Protective Insp. Fire protection	40,000 35,576	445,105 655,970	-	77,969 1,645,159	3,041	-	-	563,074 2,339,746
	115,576	1,836,526		2,886,815	7,922	-	-	4,846,839
Transportation:								
Roads and Streets								
Facilities Maintenance	174,013	- 87,116	-	925,095 81,668	-	7,697,164	43,686	8,839,958 168,784
Wantenance	174,013	87,116	-	1,006,763	-	7,697,164	43,686	9,008,742
								- ) )-
Physical Environment Cemetery	47,230	16,176	_		_		_	63,406
Other		-	1,794,627	-	-	1,921,090	-	3,715,717
	47,230	16,176	1,794,627			1,921,090		3,779,123
Total governmental								
Capital Assets	\$ 1,853,263	\$ 4,336,042	\$ 2,231,061	\$ 4,481,366	\$ 33,334	\$ 9,618,254	\$ 45,186	\$ 22,598,506

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Function and Activity	Fu	wernmental Inds Capital Assets 9/30/2021		Additions	Deletions	Fu	vernmental nds Capital Assets 0/30/2022
Function and Activity	0	0)/00/2021		Additions	Dereuons		130/2022
General Government:							
Legislative	\$	37,282	\$	10,121	\$ -	\$	47,403
Financial and Administrative		4,938,028		64,791	(86,420)		4,916,399
		4,975,310		74,912	(86,420)		4,963,802
Public Safety:							
Police protection		1,826,367		365,822	(248,170)		1,944,019
Protective Inspection		538,410		25,766	(1,102)		563,074
Fire protection		2,359,256		11,445	(30,955)		2,339,746
		4,724,033		403,033	(280,227)		4,846,839
Transportation:							
Roads and Streets Facilities		8,705,236		455,175	(320,453)		8,839,958
Maintenance		174,678		-	(5,894)		168,784
		8,879,914		455,175	(326,347)		9,008,742
Physical Environment:							
Cemetery		58,415		4,991	-		63,406
Other		3,617,213		98,504	-		3,715,717
		3,675,628		103,495	-		3,779,123
Total governmental							
funds capital assets	\$	22,254,885	\$	1,036,615	\$ (692,994)	\$	22,598,506

ADDITIONAL ELEMENTS OF REPORT PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, ISSUED BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

#### CITY OF LIVE OAK, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Federal Agency			
Pass-through Entity	Assistance	Contract/Grant	
Federal Program	Listing #	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Direct Programs:			
Pipeline and Hazardous Materials SA			
Techinical Assistance Grant	20.710	693JK32140019PTAG	23,492
Indirect Programs:			
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed through Florida Department of Law Enforcement			
FY20 LOPD	16.738	2020-JAGD-SUWA-1-4B041	1,673
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed through Florida Department of Law Enforcement			
FY18 JAGD RESIDUAL FUNDS	16.738	2021-JAGD-SUWA-2-Y6-076	83,545
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed through Florida Department of Law Enforcement			
2020CERF PROGRAM	16.738	2021-CERF-SUWA-1-5A-007	50,000
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed through Florida Department of Law Enforcement			
2020 CESF PROGRAM	16.738	2020-CESF-SUWA-1-C9-005	1,175
Subtotal of AL# 16.738			136,393
Pass through the Office of the Attorney General Victim's Advoc	ate	VOCA-2021-LIVE OAK	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	POLICE DEPARTMENT -00656	32,005
	101070		02,000
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration			
Pass through the Florida Department of Transportation			
Occupant Protection	20.616	G2038	1,918
Speed and Aggressive Driving	20.600	G2219	3,443
U.S. Highway Planning and Construction			
Passed through Florida Department of Transportation	20.205	437324-1-58-01	252,979
Transportation Alternatives Program	20.202	10/02110001	202,979
City of Live Oak Drainage Wells Phase I			
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			450,230
State Agency		Contract/Grant	
Pass-through Entity	CSFA#	Number	Expenditures
ž i	· ·		
Florida Recreation Development Assistance Program			
John Hale Park Phase III	37.017	A21058	6,988
Small County Outreach Program	55.009	G1F11	216,093
Winderweedle Roadway Project	22.007		210,075
Total Expenditures of State Finanical Assistance			223,081
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Finanical Assist	tance		673,311
Four Experiment of or react at Aswar up and State Finallical ASSIS	unice		0/3,511

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### **1. Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance includes the federal and state grant activity of the City of Live Oak, Florida. Expenditures are recognized on the modified accrual basis for governmental funds and the full accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

#### 2. Contingency

Grant expenditures are subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditure were to be disallowed by the grantor agency as the result of such an audit, any claim or reimbursement to the grantor agency would become a liability of the City. In the opinion of management, all project expenditures included on the accompanying schedule are in compliance with the terms of the project agreements and applicable.

#### 3. Loans Outstanding

The City of Live Oak, Florida had the following loan balance outstanding at September 30, 2022. There were no loan expenditures incurred during the year ended September 30, 2022.

All FDEP Program Title Expenditures Loan Amounts	Assistance	
U.S. Department of Environmental Protection	Listing #	Outstanding
State Revolving Fund Loan No. WW66206P	66.458	290,448
State Revolving Fund Loan No. WW662080	66.458	1,017,247
State Revolving Fund Loan No. WW662111	66.458	6,593,845
State Revolving Fund Loan No. WW662110	66.458	113,249
State Revolving Fund Loan No. WW610201	66.458	69,135
State Revolving Fund Loan No. WW610220	66.458	1,061,991
State Revolving Fund Loan No. WW610200	66.458	635,285
State Revolving Fund Loan No. WW66207P	66.458	55,319
State Revolving Fund Loan No. WW662070	66.458	250,791
State Revolving Fund Loan No. DW610211	66.458	202,510
State Revolving Fund Loan No. DW610210	66.458	224,362
Total		10,514,182

#### 4. De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate Election

The City of Live Oak, Florida did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as covered in §200.414, *Indirect (F&A) costs*, of the Uniform Guidance.

# **PURVIS GRAY**

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Live Oak Live Oak, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Live Oak, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 16, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

May 16, 2023 Tallahassee, Florida

# **PURVIS GRAY**

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Live Oak Live Oak, Florida

We have examined the City of Live Oak, Florida's (the City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. City management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the City Council of the City of Live Oak, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Purvis Gray

May 16, 2023 Tallahassee, Florida

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# **PURVIS GRAY**

#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Live Oak Live Oak, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Live Oak, Florida, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 16, 2023.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 16, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no such findings or recommendations in the preceding financial audit report.

#### **Official Title and Legal Authority**

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City of Live Oak, Florida, is a municipal corporation created by Charter appearing as Chapter 21361, Page 1008, Laws of Florida, 1941, which became law on June 16, 1941.

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#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

#### **Financial Condition and Management**

- Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.
- Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### **Special District Component Units**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal, and other granting agencies, the Mayor and Members of the City Council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Live Oak Live Oak, Florida

#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Purvis Gray

May 16, 2023 Tallahassee, Florida

#### AFFIDAVIT OF IMPACT FEE COMPLIANCE

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Joanne M. Luther, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of City of Live Oak which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;
- City of Live Oak adopted Ordinance No. 1058 7-13-2004, 1105 11-8-2005, 1161 11-14-2006, 1196 9-11-2007, 1236 10-14-2008, 1284 9-28-2010, 1305 9-27-2011, 1399 9-27-2016 implementing an impact fee; and
- 3. The City of Live Oak has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Joanne M. Luther, Finance Director

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF SUWANNEE

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this  $12^{\frac{14}{2}}$  day of May - , 2023.

NOTARY PUBLIC

Print Name R Marie Walk

Personally known v or produced identification	R. MARIE WALKER Notary Public - State of Florida Commission # GG 337910 My Comm. Expires Sep 14, 2023
Type of identification produced:	Bonded through National Notary Assn.

My Commission Expires:

9-14-2023